The Columbian.

[COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH, and COLUMBIAN, Consolidated.]

Issued Weekly, every Friday Morning, at
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., Pa.

AT TWO DOLLARS per year. To subscribers out of the county the terms are strictly in advance.

☞ No paper discontinued except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on short notice, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

G. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MARCH 3, 1882.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XVI NO 9
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLVI, NO. 32

Advertising Rates.

	1M	2M	3M	6M	1Y
One inch	$2 00	$2 50	$3 00	$5 00	$8 00
Two inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	8 00	13 00
Three inches	4 00	5 00	7 00	11 00	18 00
Four inches	5 00	7 00	9 00	13 00	20 00
Quarter column	6 00	8 00	10 00	15 00	25 00
Half column	10 00	14 00	17 00	25 00	50 00
One column	20 00	25 00	30 00	50 00	100 00

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Executor's, Administrator's, and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.

Transient or Local notices, ten cents a line, regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
COLUMBIAN BUILDING Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe.

L. E. WALLER,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office. Second door from 1st National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG PA.

N. U. FUNK,
Attorney-at-Law,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Ent's BUILDING.

C. R. & W. J. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office over Schuyler's Hardware Store.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1
Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR.
Attorney-at-Law.
BLOOMSBURG, PA
Office corner of Centre and Main Streets. Clark's Building.
Can be consulted in German.

A. E. CHAPIN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
May be found in BUCKALEW'S OFFICE, near the Court House. Sept. 16, '81, 6-m.

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
NEW COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association.
Collections made in any part of America or Europe

S. KNORR. L. S. WINTERSTEEN, Notary Public
KNORR & WINTERSTEEN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office in Hartman's Block, Corner Main and Market streets, Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ *Pensions and Bounties Collected.*

PAUL E. WIRT,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office in Brower's Block. one door below Brockway Building
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

GUY JACOBY,
Attorney-at-Law,
BLOOMSBURG,
Office in H. J. Clakr's Building, second floor, first door to the left.
Oct. 8, '80.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
AND
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
Office in Mrs. Ent's Building, third door from Main street. May 20, '81.

JOHN C. YOCUM,
Attorney-at-Law.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office with Hon. C. R. Buckalew.
Member of the American Attorneys' Association.
Collections made in any part of America.
Jan. 5, 1882.

A. K. OSWALD,
Attorney-at-Law.
Jackson Building, Rooms 4 and 5,
May 6, '81. BERWICK, PA.

WM. L. EYERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets.

A. L. FRITZ, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Brockway's Building. June 24, '81.

R. BUCKINGHAM, Attorney-at-Law. Office, Brockway's Building 1st floor, Bloomsburg, Penn'a. may 7, '80-t f

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office Market street.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, (Office and Residence on Third street

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Oct. 1, '79. Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. I. L. RABB,
PRACTICAL DENTIST,
Main Street, opposite Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ Teeth extracted without pain.
Oct. 1. 1879.

W. H. HOUSE,
DENTIST,
BLOOMSBURG, COL. CO. PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, work warranted as represented. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
Office over Bloomsburg Banking Company.
To be open at all hours during the day.
Nov. 23-1y

MISCELLANEOUS

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH
Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Centre street, between Second and Third.

JAMES REILLY,
Tonsorial Artist,
is again at his old stand under EXCHANGE HOTEL, and has as usual a FIRST-CLASS BARBER SHOP. He respectfully solicits the patronage of his old customers and of the public generally.
july 16, '80-tf

EXCHANGE HOTEL.
W. R. TUBBS, PROPRIETOR
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING
--)o(--
A. J. EVANS,
The uptown Clothier, has just received a fine line of New Goods, and is prepared to make up
FALL AND WINTER SUITS
For Men and Boys in the neatest manner and Latest Styles.
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
Hats, Caps, &c.,
Always on hand. Call and Examine. EVANS' BLOCK Corner Main and Iron Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

PLUMBING GAS FITTING.
STOVES and TINWARE.
--:0:--
E. B. BROWER
Has purchased the Stock and Business of I. Hagenbuch, and is now prepared to do all kinds of work in his line. Plumbing and Gas Fitting a specialty. Tinware, Stoves,
RANGES AND HEATERS,
in a great variety. All work done by
EXPERIENCED HANDS,
Main Street corner of East.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

N. S. TINGLEY.
Announces to the public that he is prepared to do all kinds of
Custom Tailoring,
promptly and at reasonable prices. Now is the season for a
NEW WINTER SUIT
And Tingley's the place to get a proper fit.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Shop over Billmeyer's Grocery, Corner of Main and Centre Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

M. C. SLOAN & BRO.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Manufacturers of
Carriages, Buggies, Phaetons, Sleighs, Platform Wagons, &c.
First-class work always on hand.
REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.
Prices reduced to suit the times.

HIDES.
The Highest Market Price in Cash
PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF HIDES AT
A. SOLLEDER'S
Leather and Shoe Finding Store
MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE STONE CHURCH
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
April 8, '80-1y

PAINTING
AND
Paper Hanging.
WM. F. BODINE,
IRON ST., BELOW SECOND, BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
is prepared to do all kinds of
HOUSE PAINTING
Plain and Ornamental
PAPER HANGING,
BOTH DECORATIVE AND PLAIN.
All kinds of Furniture Repaired and made as good as new
NONE BUT FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN EMPLOYED
Estimates Made on all Work.
WM. F. BODINE.

BLOOMSBURG PLANING MILL
--:o.--
The undersigned having put his Planing Mill on Railroad Street, in first-class condition, is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line.
FRAMES, SASH, DOORS,
BLINDS, MOULDINGS,
FLOORING, Etc.
furnished at reasonable prices. All lumber used is well seasoned and none but skilled workmen are employed.
ESTIMATES FOR BUILDINGS
furnished on application. Plans and specifications prepared by an experienced draughtsman.
CHARLES KRUG,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FIRE INSURANCE.
CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA
BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY
GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
UNION INSURANCE COMPANY.
These OLD CORPORATIONS are well seasoned by age and FIRE TESTED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES and are liable to the hazard of FIRE only.
Losses PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, SPECIAL AGENT AND ADJUSTER BLOOMSBURG, PA.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.
PROMPTNESS, EQUITY, FAIR DEALING
Nov 14, '80

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY. Moyer's new building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Assets.
Ætna Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.	$7,078,224
Royal of Liverpool	13,500,000
Lancashire	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	4,165,717
Phœnix, of London	5,266,372
London & Lancashire, of England	1,709,976
Hartford of Hartford	3,273,000
Springfield Fire and Marine	2,082,585

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without any delay in the office at Bloomsburg. Oct. 28, '81-tf.

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES:
Lycoming of Muncy Pennsylvania.
North American of Philadelphia, Pa.
Franklin of " "
Pennsylvania of " "
Farmers of York, Pa.
Hanover of New York.
Manhattan of New York.
Office on Market Street, No. 5, Bloomsburg
oct. 24, '79-1y

B. F. SHARPLESS,
FOUNDER AND MACHINIST.
NEAR L. & B. DEPOT, BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.
Manufacturer of Plows, Stoves and all kinds of Castings. Large stock of Tinware, Cook Stoves, Room Stoves, Stoves for heating stores, school houses churches, &c. Also, large stock of repairs for city stoves of all kinds, wholesale and retail, such as Fire Brick, Grates, Lids, Centres, &c., Stove Pipe, Cook Boilers, Spiders, Cake Plates, Large Iron Kettles, Sled Soles, Wagon Boxes, all kinds of Plow Points, Mould Boards, Bolts, Plaster, Salt,
---*BONE MANURE, &c.*---
feb 3 1-8

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK.

THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY.
FOR
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.
No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a *safe, sure, simple* and *cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of **50 Cents**, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.
Directions in Eleven Languages.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.
A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

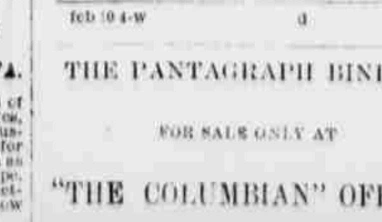
Diphtheria.
A **cold** or **sore throat** may not seem to amount to much, and if promptly attended to can easily be cured; but neglect is often followed by **consumption** or **diphtheria.** No medicine has ever been discovered which acts so **quickly** and **surely** in such cases as **PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.** The prompt use of this *invaluable remedy* has saved thousands of lives.
PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER is **not an experiment.** It has been before the public for **forty years,** and is most valued where it is best known.
A few extracts from voluntary testimonials read as follows:
PAIN KILLER has been my household remedy for colds for the past twenty-seven years, and have never known it to fail in effecting a cure.—L. S. CROCKER, Williamsville, N. Y.
For thirty years I have used PAIN KILLER, and found it a never-failing remedy for colds and sore throat.—BARTON SEAMAN.
Have received immediate relief from colds and sore throat, and consider your PAIN KILLER an invaluable remedy.—GEO. B. EVERETT, Dickinson, N. Y.
I have just recovered from a very severe cold, which I have had for some time. I could get no relief until I tried your PAIN KILLER, which relieved me immediately. I will never again be without it.—C. O. FORCE, Lowndes, Ga.
Have used PAIN KILLER in my family for forty years, and have never known it to fail.—RANSOM LEWIS, Waynesboro, Ga.
I began using PAIN KILLER in my family twenty-five years ago and have used it ever since, and have found no medicine to take its place.—R. W. DYER, Druggist, Oneida, N. Y.
For whooping-cough and croup it is the best preparation made. We would not be without it.—A. P. ROOTS, Liberty Mills, Va.
For twenty-five years I have used PAIN KILLER for colds and chapped lips, and consider it the best medicine ever offered.—GEO HOOPER, Wilmington, N. C.
I was suffering severely with bronchitis, and my throat was so inflamed I could scarcely swallow any food. I was advised to try your PAIN KILLER, and after taking a few doses was completely cured.—T. WILKINSON.
DR. WALTON writes from Coshocton: Your PAIN KILLER cures diphtheria and sore throat, so alarmingly prevalent here, and has not been known to fail in a single instance. This fact you should make known to the world.
MRS. ELLEN B. MASON writes: My son was taken violently sick with diphtheria, high fever, and cold chills. So many children have died here, I was afraid to call a physician, and tried your PAIN KILLER. He was taken on Sunday, and on Wednesday his throat was clear. It was a wonderful cure, and I wish it could be known to the poor mothers who are losing so many children.
For Chills and Fever PAIN KILLER has no equal. It cures when everything else fails. Delays are often dangerous. A bottle of PAIN KILLER in the house is a safeguard that no family should be without.
All druggists sell it at **25c., 50c.,** and **$1.00** per bottle.
PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Providence, R. I.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
will cure dyspepsia, heartburn, malaria, kidney disease, liver complaint, and other wasting diseases.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
enriches the blood and purifies the system; cures weakness, lack of energy, etc. Try a bottle.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
is the only Iron preparation that does not color the teeth, and will not cause headache or constipation, as other Iron preparations will.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
Ladies and all sufferers from neuralgia, hysteria, and kindred complaints, will find it without an equal.


MOLLER'S NORWEGIAN COD-LIVER OIL
Cheapest Best
Superior to any. Highest medical authorities testify to its delicacy of taste and smell. For sale by Druggists.
W. H. Schieffelin & Co., New York.
feb 10 4-w d

THE PANTAGRAPH BINDER.
FOR SALE ONLY AT
"THE COLUMBIAN" OFFICE.
CALL AND SEE.

Select Story.

A YOUNG LAWYER'S HIT.

It was the gloomiest of gloomy days. There was not a redeeming feature about it. If it had only rained, there might have been music in the drops; if it had snowed we could have "lived over" the beautiful poem; but it did neither, and now, late in the afternoon, the air was a thick, damp vapor, and the street ankle deep with slush and mud that an unpaved western town supplies so beautiful and readily.

Then again, the life of a young attorney is not always one of whirl and excitement and pleasurable results. Not a living soul except a bootblack—just as if we should ever need bootblacks again—had entered the door that day. In vain had I tried to give my mind over to the arbitrary statutes, and then in despair sought the more inviting stimulants of Regina vs. Reynolds: even the gossip of a great leading case failed to inspire me, and wearily I turned from my books to my thoughts, and from my thoughts to my gloom.

It was just then, before I had ascended to the realms of suicidal purpose—for I walk that way slowly—that the door knob hesitatingly, cautiously turned and I—was hard at work again, pen in hand, with one eye on the paper and the other on the door.

I won't make a diagnosis of just how fast my heart was beating, if peradventure the door would open, and somebody that was somebody should come in. I could endure the suspense no longer, and looked squarely up. The door had opened, and, though the evening shadows were gathering thick and fast, I could see that my visitor was in dress and manners a lady—the most significant word in the greatest of languages. Her veil concealed her face, but, old or young, ugly or pretty, her thoughts probably were: "Here's a young man—very young, he hasn't much experience—don't think he ever did much work before. It would help him, but it don't help me. I had better look—"

But I interrupted my own forebodings by springing to my feet with a "Good evening, madam. Step in; I'm through with the matter in hand—a little pressed now, with term time upon us, but have an hour to spare—such a dull day! Sit down!" and my first triumph was won, for she was seated.

Then I swept my books from me with an air of relief, as if any problem she might agitate would be child's play compared to what I had just passed through.

I had not yet so much as caught the color of her eyes, and couldn't but wonder why she kept her veil down so closely unless she was meditating a sudden flight to the office of the bald-headed wretch across the way who had a few gray hairs and more experience, you know—but a bad attack of rheumatism, too, thank heaven! which I devoutly trusted was keeping him home on such a day as this.

"I want you to write a will," she suddenly began, in a half halting voice.

"Certainly, madame," I answered, nobly resolving to strengthen the faith within her, and I pulled half a quire of legal cap toward me, and thought of the solemn opening and the weighty formalities of its publication.

"It's to be my husband's will," she added. "He dare not come out on such a day as this." And she shivered so prettily that I was reconciled with the weather for the first time that day.

"Hadn't I better come to your house?" I ventured to suggest.

"Oh, no! not now," she answered, with a little sigh. "It might excite him too much. But he may be better to night, and I will send the carriage for you then. It will not make any difference, will it, about the will being binding?" and something told me she was peering anxiously at me.

"Of course, madame, if he then fully and voluntarily adopts it as his, it is just the same as if I took it all down from his own lips"

"Well, we want—he wants—to leave all his real and personal property to me, with full powers of executrix—and I am to take charge of his only child and make for her such allowances as I shall think wise."

"What is your daughter's name?"

"She is not my daughter," she answered, with the slightest token of gathering animation in her voice.

"Ah, yes; just so," said I, nervously fumbling with the paper. "She's your stepdaughter."

"Yes, sir."

"What's her name."

"Mabel Cecil," she haltingly spoke.

"A deuced pretty," name I remarked to myself. "I wonder what she wants to stumble so over pronouncing it?" And then I tried to forget all about it, and I took up my pen and began: "I—I—" Ah! pardon me, madame, but what's your husband's name?"

What fools men are when a little excited, especially young lawyers, sitting up with an early case.

"Robert E. Cecil."

"I Robert E. Cecil, of the county of Herkimer, and state of ——, do make and publish this my last will and testament:"

"I give, bequeath and devise to my dearly beloved wife——"

"Ah! pardon, madame, but what's your name?"

"Lucy L. Cecil."

"To my dearly beloved wife, Lucy L. Cecil, all my real and personal property of whatsoever kind and nature, after the payment of all my just debts; and I hereby commit to her guardianship my only child, Mabel Cecil, for whom there shall be made such allowance and maintenance as my beloved wife may seem fit.

"And I hereby appoint Lucy L. Cecil my sole executrix of this my last will and testament, hereby revoking all former wills by me made.

"In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand, this third day of November, A. D., 187—."

"I suppose you understand," I undertook to explain, "that this will vests all your husband's property in you, and to leave your daughter's allowances to your discretion is to leave her at law nothing in her own right. The provision is, in short, meaningless, except that it shows that the testator had her in his mind when he made his will, and so far makes it all the more binding."

"Exactly," she spoke with animation. "It's his wish—and I shall see that you are well paid for your trouble and your counsel—the carriage will be here very soon." And she had gone as quickly as she had come.

That remark about payment had entered a very threadbare coat, and had struck right home.

"But it's too mean, all the same, pay or no pay," I growled, "to cut that girl off that way without a cent. But it's the old story, and I can't help it," and I sank back with a philosophical smile on my face.

Then—just in sport, in a fit of malignant satisfaction—I took up a second sheet of legal cap, and scribbled thereupon, with a formal opening and close that this said Robert E. Cecil gave all his property to his dearly beloved daughter, Mabel Cecil, and left the lady of the veil where the law found her.

"But such is the history of the world," I concluded, solemnly, "ever such; and what a gulf, deep, impassable, between what ought to be and what is. How I should like to bridge it over." And I buttoned up my coat, and walking to the window imagined I could see through the darkness the coming of the carriage of Madame Cecil.

The time dragged slowly, very slowly, and I never felt more genuine relief than in hearing heavy wheels grinding through the mud and slush, and a knocking at the door to notify me the carriage was ready,

I sprang into the carriage and away we dashed through such darkness that I could not for the life of me discover to what portion of the town we were being driven. But in a very short time we came to a sudden halt, and the carriage door opened. The coachman conducted me up the brown stone steps, where the open door was already awaiting me, and I stepped into the dimly lighted hall.

As I did so, a lady whose figure and manners told me was Madame Cecil, glided from a side room, and with a little plaintive smile. bade me follow her at once. But in that instant I had read her face and perhaps her character. She might have been thirty-five, only she didn't look it, with those brilliant black eyes, pearly teeth and elegant manners; but behind all these I read the positive force that turned to good may save a country, but given over to evil would sacrifice everything to success.

Noiselessly she glided over the heavy carpets, and as silently I followed her. She passed into the library, and from thence—as I instinctively felt—into the chamber of death; even elegant furniture and costly paintings and embroidered coverlets are not to overawe our destiny.

"Mr. Cecil, the lawyer has come," she softly said as she stooped over the emaciated face of the silver haired man.

"What! who?' as he started from a seeming stupor, and looked wonderingly at me from his sunken eyes.

"He will read it to you now, Mr. Cecil," adding in a low tone, "he is sinking rapidly; I fear you must hasten."

I felt that I must. I seated myself at his bedside, and as I did so I saw his lips tremble, and I believe they were breathing a name. I imagined it was "Mabel."

Our boldest moves are born upon the spur of the moment.

"Mrs. Cecil may I trouble you for a glass of water?" I asked, as I took out the will she had drawn.

"Quick, sir, quick!" said I, as I noticed his sunken eyes watching her hastening footsteps. "Do you want your daughter to have all your property save what the law gives your wife?"

He started back from me as if he could not trust his own senses, or was doubting whether to put confidence in me: but he seemed to feel the necessity of doing so, and suddenly the dull eyes brightened with a momentary gleam of relief and joy, as he clearly answered:

"Yes, yes! and God bless you."

And I, too, was thanking heaven for the whim that had led me to write two wills so very like in strength and appearance, and it was only the work of a moment to make the exchange and just in time.

With Mrs. Cecil came the house-keeper and a man servant, and in their presence the dying man tremblingly signed his name to the second will and they witnessed it.

They had gone and I started to go, when the old man pressed my hand and I saw the tears gathering in his eyes. As I turned to go I involuntarily felt that the black eyes of Madame Cecil had witnessed all and suspected everything.

"I should like to see that will!" she said firmly, in a low voice.

"Some other time. He's dying, Mrs. Cecil."

"So much the greater reason, sir! Show it to me."

I looked at her one instant calmly and suggestively in the face and then started for the door.

"Stop!" she cried, and a tiny mounted revolver gleamed in her hand.

"My God! Mrs. Cecil, you have killed him! He has died at your hands!" I cried as I heard a strange sound behind me, and I would have turned if all the pistols in the universe had been pointed at me.

The old man's arm had been lifted as in prayer, but now sank withered upon the pillow, whilst his eyes stared at us in the rigidity of death. He had died

Instinctively Madame Cecil seemed to recognize that it was all over, and lowering the weapon, hissed at me between her pearly teeth:

"You've played me false—go! go! or I will shoot you!"

And I went, gladly enough from the brown stone front, with its treachery, its wickedness and avarice, into the dark night and muddy streets. But I had carried out the wishes of the poor dragooned husband and Mabel received her own. As soon as her share of the estate could be obtained the wretched woman disappeared from the neighborhood, and it was understood had sailed for Australia.

Although a young and almost briefless lawyer, I was appointed Mabel's guardian, and I so faithfully fulfilled my trust that after six years, when she was little more than eighteen, she gave herself as well as her estate into my keeping; and as I write this after my cozy tea, and as Mabel leans on the back of my chair, watching the rapid strokes of the pen, she declares that I did not praise myself at all in the grand act of justice I did, and the courage I showed at the revolver's mouth to sustain her rights.

Said the leader of the train robbers as he boarded the Pullman car: "Don't disturb the passengers, but seize the porter. He's got all the money in the crowd by this time!"

Distinctive Features of Philadelphia.

Despite the want of universal homogeneity, there are great numbers of persons here who show an exceptional uniformity of tastes and dispositions—in part the outcome possibly of Quaker discipline. The past with its memories seems to serve as a medium for holding together the diverse elements of the present. The long rows of red houses, with marble trimmings and white panelled shutters neatly provided with bolts (the upper-story shutters being carefully painted green or slate), typify outwardly and materially the Quaker influence, though there are many innovations of brown stone, green stone, colored marble, and variegated tiles in the later dwellings. And here it may be said that in the new public building for the city government, and in the placing of sundry other edifices, Philadelphia is fortunate in securing architectural effects of mass and group not common in our cities. Speaking of the past, we must give due weight to the presence of Independence Hall and Carpenter's Hall in connection with the important national history of the town. It is significant, further, that Philadelphia should have been first in so many things. The former mint was the first building put up by Federal authority in any part of the United States. The oldest type foundry in the country is still carried on here, and the oldest daily paper appears every morning with renewed youth. Of the thousands of national banks organized since the beginning of the civil war, the earliest to be incorporated was in Philadelphia; and so too the Union League of this city was the primary organization of its kind. Henry C. Carey was the originator of the book trade sales. The first house built in the colony was the Penn house, in Letitia Court, which remains standing to this day; and human beings likewise seem to have an unrivalled faculty for surviving in this fortunate territory. A case in point is General Robert Patterson, who, emigrating from Ireland in 1792, served on the American side in the war of 1812, organized the Pennsylvania militia, distinguished himself in the Mexican war, led a division in the war for the Union, was an extensive manufacturer, constantly active in society, and shortly before this article was written attended a dinner in honor of his own ninetieth birthday. The establishment of turnpikes and the development of public hospitals are other matters in which Philadelphia was in advance. It can boast likewise in the Baldwin Locomotive Works, an establishment which began, in the earliest days of American railroad building, with the painful manufacture of a single locomotive, and has kept pace with the march of that industry until now it turns out five hundred locomotives a year, and employes three thousand workmen.

On every side we are led back to the day of beginnings. The largest industrial establishments, like the works just named, the Diston Saw Company, or the huge Dobson carpet mill, of wide celebrity, have grown up within a generation's time from small foundations. Old houses are carefully preserved, sometimes with the interior furnishings of their Revolutionary prime; and even when historic buildings are disturbed, the old associations cling to their successors. The Friends' Hospital, where Longfellow caused Gabriel to find Evangeline, has vanished (to the dissatisfaction of antiquarian authorities), but the legendary value he gave to it remains; and it is mentioned as a point of interest connected with ex-Minister Welsh's house that it covers part of the hospital site. This constant recurrence of the past in the Philadelphia of to-day is in keeping with a conservatism characteristic of the place, manifested in various ways, and commonly explained by the Quaker origin of the city. But that quality is really due to other causes.

The main fact about Philadelphia, differencing it from our other large centres, is that it rests its importance on the power to produce tangible things of solid usefulness. It adds value. Some commerce there is, and there are banks and bankers wielding extensive monetary influence; but the greater number of inhabitants, both humble and conspicuous, are interested in manufactures. The mass of the people work hard for a living at the business of *making* something which their labor renders valuable. Gaining money in this way, they appreciate its worth, become saving, and invest their savings in useful property. Where space is plenty, where rents are low, and building associations are ready to lend money, it becomes the habit among salaried men, mechanics, and all persons of small means to acquire or hire a separate house; and this multiplication of homes increases the proportion of responsible and cautious citizens with a high average of intelligence. I may instance a carrier on one of the morning papers, who still continues his rounds, though he is also a botanist of good repute, and a member of the Academy of Natural Sciences.—GEORGE PARSONS LATHROP, in *Harper's Magazine for February*.

Sensible Talk about Eating and Sleeping.

An editorial in the New York *Journal of Commerce* attempts to demolish the unsound notion that it is unhealthy to eat just before going to bed. It draws the proper distinction between midnight debauches and gluttony, and the taking of healthy food, and says:

Man is the only animal that can be taught to sleep quietly on an empty stomach. The brute creation resent all efforts to coax them to such a violation of the laws of nature. The lion roars in the forest until he has found his prey, and when he has devoured it he sleeps over it until he needs another meal. The horse will paw all night in the stable and the pig will squeal in the pen, refusing all rest or sleep until they are fed. The animals which chew the cud have their own provisions for a late meal just before dropping off to their nightly slumbers.

Man can train himself to the habit of sleeping without a preceding meal, but only after long years of practice. As he comes into the world nature is too strong for him, and he must be fed before he will sleep. A child's stomach is small, and when perfectly filled, if no sickness disturbs it, sleep follows naturally and inevitably. As digestion goes on the stomach begins to empty. A single fold in it will make the sleeper restless; two will waken it; and if it is hushed again to repose the nap is short, and three folds puts an end to the slumber. Paregoric or other narcotic may close its eyes again, but without either food or some stupefying drug it will not sleep, no matter how healthy it may be. Not even an angel who learned the art of minstrelsy in a celestial choir can sing a baby to sleep on an empty stomach.

We use the oft-quoted illustration, "sleeping as sweetly as an infant," because this slumber of a child follows immediately after its stomach is completely filled with wholesome food. The sleep which comes to adults long hours after the partaking of food, and when the stomach is nearly or quite empty, is not after the type of infantine repose. There is all the difference in the world between the sleep of refreshment and the sleep of exhaustion.

To sleep well the blood that swells the veins in the head during the busy hours must flow back, leaving a greatly diminished volume behind the brow that lately throbbed with such vehemence. To digest well this blood is needed at the stomach and nearer the fountains of life. It is a fact established beyond the possibility of contradiction that sleep aids digestion, and the process of digestion is conducive of refreshing sleep. It needs no argument to convince us of this mutual relation. The drowsiness which always follows the well ordered meal is itself a testimony of nature to this interdependence.

The waste of human life by this lesson is very great. The daily wear and tear of the body might be restored more fully than it usually is if this simple rule was not so systematically violated. Sleep is wonderfully recuperative, but it may be shorn of half its benefits by unfavorable conditions. Foul air in the chamber leaves the sleeper almost exhausted in the morning as when weary with the day's labors he sank upon his bed. A gnawing stomach, empty of food, takes out of the nightly sleep that refreshing sense of comfort which properly belongs to it. It leaves the blood to throb in the heated brow, and haunts the slumber with an ever-present source of disquiet. It is like the sleep which the mother takes while her sick child is under the care of watchers in another room. An easy stomach is just like an aching heart in its effect upon the nightly repose.

A healthy person who goes to bed on a full stomach will always awake in the morning with a better appetite for his breakfast. If dinner is eaten in the middle of the day and a light supper is served at six in the afternoon, a hearty lunch should be provided at ten in the evening, or just before the hour of retiring. The rule should be to eat at the last moment before going to bed, whatever the hour may be.

And this last meal should not be of "light" viands, as this phrase is commonly understood. The less a person eats at any time of cake or pie, or the countless flummeries that go to make up a fancy tea-table the better; but none of these should be eaten at bed-time. Cold chicken, cold roast beef, corned beef, or wholesome meat of any kind, with well baked bread and butter (sauce and pickle will do no harm), will serve the substantial requisites for this collation. Milk is perhaps best of all where the pure article can be obtained. "Bordet's Condensed" will supply it in the best shape to our taste, and if this is used, should be mixed with warm or hot water, instead of cold, eaten before it cools. With bread and fruit (baked apples will serve when berries and peaches fail) this makes a wholesome evening meal.

All persons should be cautious when they reform their habits in this respect. A mouthful or two each night at first is all that should be attempted, gradually increasing the quantity until the luncheon becomes a pretty substantial meal. If indigestion follows at any time, chewing the meat of one or two peach pits (for the prussic acid in them) after eating, is better than sending for a doctor. With a clear conscience and a full stomach, any man in tolerable health may derive from his nightly sleep that recuperation which ought to come from this sweet restorer of life's daily wear and waste.

Children's Drolleries.

Not long since a correspondent sent to a provincial paper an anecdote of which his 6 year-old boy was the hero. He says: "I keep a shop and sell fancy goods. A gentleman came in to buy something. It was early, and my little boy and I were alone in the house at the time, The gentleman gave me a sovereign, and I had to go up stairs to my cash-box. Before doing so, I went into the little room next to the shop and said to the boy: 'Watch the gentleman, that he don't steal anything;' and I put him on the counter. As soon as I returned, he sang out: 'Pa, he didn't steal anything—I watched him.' You may imagine what a position I was in."

Children's questions are often no less embarrassing than they are amusing, as may be instanced in the story of the mercenary little boy who overheard a conversation respecting a wedding that was soon to take place. At breakfast next morning he recalled the subject by asking the following question: "Papa, what do they want to give the bride away for? Can't they sell her?"

At a whale exhibition, a youngster is said to have asked his mamma if the whale that swallowed Jonah had as large a mouth as the one before them, why didn't Jonah walk out at one corner.

"You must think Jonah was a fool; he didn't want to walk out and get drowned," was the quick reply of the younger brother, before the mother could answer.

It is related of another infant inquirer who was looking with great interest at a foaming pan of milk, that he suddenly exclaimed: "Mamma, where do cows get the milk from?" "Where do you get your tears?" was the answer. After a thoughtful silence, in which the mention of tears had evidently recalled certain associations, he again broke out: "Mamma, do the cows have to be spanked?"

On seeing a house being whitewashed, a small boy of three wanted to know if the house was going to be shaved. A lady, when admiring the stars on a bright night in a tropical climate, was suddenly asked in the most innocent way by her little son of 5 years old if those were the nails that held up heaven.

A boy who had always refused to eat oatmeal, in spite of his mother's urgings that it was a strengthening diet, suddenly surprised her one morning by eating a liberal plateful and calling for more. Upon his mother asking for an explanation, he replied: "I am bound to eat oatmeal till I am strong enough to whip Johnny Scott."

Little Freddie, when visiting a neighbor's house, was offered a piece of bread and butter, which he accepted but without any show of gratitude. "What do you say, Freddie?" hinted the lady, expecting him to say, "Thank you." "I say it ain't cake," was the impolite response.

The father of a family, after reading from the morning paper that the cold of the night before was intense, the thermometer registering many degrees below freezing point, said: "Now, children, I suppose you are taught all about that at school. Which of you can tell me what the freezing point is?" "The point of my nose, papa," was the prompt reply from one of the youngsters.

A gentleman somewhat advanced in life, and who was never remarkable for his good looks, asked his grandchild what he thought of him. The boy's parents were present. The youngster made no reply. "Well, why won't you tell me what you think of me?" "'Cause I don't want to get licked," was the answer.

A mother showed her child a beautiful doll, a St. John, of fine make and color. "See," she said, "he has been very good, and heaven always rewards the good by making them beautiful." "Oh," said the child, lifting its shoulders, "don't believe that, mamma. This little St. John looks very meek because he's all glued up, but if he could only move, you'd see!"

The following remark of a little girl shows an opinion of her elders the reverse of flattering. "Oh, dear!" she exclaimed to her doll, "I do wish you would sit still. I never saw such an uneasy thing in all my life. Why don't you act like grown folks, and be still and stupid for a while?"

Odd Items.

Mrs. Judge Potter, of New Hampshire, is at Washington, where, many years since, as the guest of her uncle, President Pierce, she presided at the White House.

Woman suffragists of Rhode Island have protested, through Senator Anthony, against the admission of Dakota or any other new State until suffrage for the sexes therein is declared equal.

One hundred and twenty-three physicians, eight of whom are females, are registered in Erie county.

A funny paper thinks somebody ought to let Guiteau know that public attention has been diverted from him toward the new baby elephant.

"John," said his teacher, "I am very sorry to have to punish you." "Don't, then," said Johnny, "cause it always makes me feel bad, too. Then we'd both be sorry you did it."

ATTENDANTS ON THE SICK

should frequently rub a few drops of Darbys Prophylactic Fluid on their face and hands, especially when nursing those sick with infectious diseases. Articles used on or about the sick should be disinfected and the atmosphere of the sick room purified and vitalized by using the Fluid Its effect is marvelous in checking the spread of contagious diseases.

It kind of disgusts an emigrant agent who has worked two hours to convince a victim that the town he blows for is healthy, to find that the proposed emigrant is by trade an undertaker.

It has got so that it is really difficult to obtain the reputation of being a first class liar. Progress is being made in all the arts and sciences.

An Irishman on board a vessel, when she was on the point of foundering, being desired to come on deck as she was going down, replied that he had no wish to go on deck to see himself drowned.

If you are so poor that you can't possibly find bread for your family you had better give up searching and go to work.

We have politics now about everything that is going on. The astounding discovery has just been made by somebody or another that the result of the late prize-fight was brought about by politics. The astonishing party who exposes the secret of this tells that the Democrats of Troy had all bet heavily on Ryan, and that if they lost they wouldn't have enough money left to make any show in the next election; the Republicans would then have a walk over. Realizing all this, the smart Republicans made up a purse, bought Ryan off and got the Democrats in a hole. This sort of story is much more entertaining than truthful.

An old woman took a blackened clay pipe out of her travelling bag in a St. Louis railroad station, and began to smoke. She was told that smoking was not allowed in that room. Without taking the pipe from her mouth, she drew a long knife and laid it across her lap. She was allowed to puff away until her train came along.

A decree has recently been issued in Egypt, appointing a commission to investigate and preserve the monuments of Arab art; and a sum of $35,000 will be granted for pressing needs during the current year. In Japan, too, a society has been formed by the Prime Minister and other high officials for the protection of old temples and other monuments; and in this case it is said that two millions of dollars have already been subscribed for the purposes of the society.

The impression that the northeastern coast of the American continent is slowly rising—the estimate of the rate of emergency in progress being over a foot, and perhaps as much as three feet, in a century—has recently been controversed by eminent scientific authorities, including Dr. Mitchel of the coast survey, who states that the salt marshes are still as they were in the time of the early explorers, at ordinary high water level, and that the rocks on our coast, long notorious as dangerous to navigation, have not risen since they were first discovered. But eastward of longitude 64 degrees 13', and especially in Newfoundland, great changes present themselves, the depth appearing to be at some points less and at other points greater now than formerly.

The buildings of the Philadelphia Exhibition of 1876 are widely scattered. One is a Coney Island hotel, others are hotels at Long Branch and Atlantic City, a number are private summer residences and now the main structure is being taken down, some of it to build stations along the Pennsylvania Railroad, and the rest for an iron mill in Pittsburg. The art gallery and Horticultural Hall remain, as they were intended for permanent features of Fairmount Park.

THE COLUMBIAN.



G. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, March 3, 1882.

Mrs. Scoville, sister of Guiteau, has sent to the United States Senate a protest against the confirmation of Conkling as a justice of the Supreme Court. She considers such action as a degradation of the bench.

Circulars have been sent to the members of the last legislature by their committee asking for an additional fee of $20, to be given to the attorneys who appeared for them in the salary case. The fee for the two lawyers will thus be increased from $1,000 to $6,250.

The election in Philadelphia last week resulted in the overthrow of the bosses and rings of both parties. The only relic remaining is the famous Bill McMullin, who is retained as councilman from the 4th ward. The citizens' committee did the business.

The Chicago *Tribune* thinks that Speaker Keifer has made a rather bad mess of it so far, and that "all the skill, patience and loyalty of the leading members such as Kasson, Hiscock, Reed, Cannon, Calkins, Robinson and Williams, will be needed to prevent a ship wreck of the narrow Republican majority."

The Delaware county *Gazette*, a Republican paper, has the following to say of one of the shining lights of its party: "Pinchback, the Senatorial claimant of Louisiana, has been nominated by the President as Surveyor of the port of New Orleans. Pinchback is a gambler and a blackleg and it is no credit to either the administration or the Republican party that such an appointment should have been made."

A statement has been published that the Adjutant General of the army has rendered the decision that all soldiers who enlisted between June 22, 1861, and August 6, 1861, were entitled to bounty, and as a consequence the War Department has been flooded with letters asking for information on the subject. Adjutant General Drum states that there is not the least ground for the publication, as no such decision as the one referred to was ever made.

So it seems after all that the Supreme Court was not unanimous in deciding the legislative salary case. Justice Trunkey, one of the ablest members of the Court, delivered a dissenting opinion on Monday last. He holds that the salary means a fixed round sum for a specific service, and that the first section of the act of May 11, 1874, clearly violates the constitution. A very large proportion of thinking men in the State, will agree with Justice Trunkey in his conclusions.

The statement of the business of all lines of the Pennsylvania railroad company, east of Pittsburg and Erie, for January, 1882, as compared with the same month in 1881, shows an increase in gross earnings of $184,106; an increase in expenses of $316,701; a decrease in net earnings of $132,595. All lines west of Philadelphia and Erie, for January 1882, show a surplus over liabilities of $9,741, being a loss as compared with the same period of 1881, of $371,466.

The great tax case of the Commonwealth against the Standard Oil Company was argued last week, and the papers are now in the hands of the court. The original claim was for more than $3,000,000 but this was reduced to something less than $800,000. The defense was that the company did not do business in Pennsylvania, being located in Ohio. This is preposterous. The oil from which the company has acquired its enormous gains was taken from the soil of this State, as all the world knows, and it is but just that the company should pay taxes thereon.

When the bronze medals are distributed to the faithful "306" who stood by Grant at the Chicago convention, absolute impartiality should be observed. When Gen. Beaver, the Christian soldier and lawyer, is decorated with his pound of brass, Dave Mouat, now in seclusion in jail for election frauds, should be similarly rewarded. Invidious distinctions in matters of this kind will break up any kind of political fidelity. Perhaps, too, there may be others of the "306", behind prison bars before the medals are distributed—it begins to look as if political scoundrels can be punished.

The President's nominations range from good to very bad, and that of Ex-Senator Sargent belongs to the latter class. He was nominated as Minister to Germany, last Friday. It was at first intended to make him a cabinet officer but so strong was the protest from press and people that this was reluctantly abandoned, and he is now given one of the best of the foreign missions. His political reputation is unsavory and he is not a reputable representative of the United States to a great foreign power. He is a third-termer however, and that fact is as good a recommendation as is needed under this administration.

The bill to retire General Grant passed the Senate last week. It authorizes the President in recognition of the eminent public services of Ulysses S. Grant, late General of the army, to nominate and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint him to the army with the rank and grade of General, to be placed on the retired list with pay accordingly. With the assistance of the salary that Grant will now receive, and his $95,000 New York mansion, besides several other elegant properties in different parts of the country, and about $300,000 that he received during his two terms as President, he ought to be able to support himself hereafter. Who says that republics are ungrateful?

There does not appear to be any immediate solution of the contest over the Wilkesbarre postmastership. The nomination of Mr. Orr is still held up in the Senate at the instance of Senators Cameron and Mitchell and against the wishes of Representative Scranton. In the meantime letters continue to be received protesting against the removal of Postmaster Smith, and asserting that Representative Scranton is not carrying out the wishes of the Republicans of Wilkesbarre by his action, and that the nomination of Mr. Orr is a great mistake. Senators Cameron and Mitchell respect this expression of public opinion, and will hold up the nomination of Mr. Orr, until the real sentiments of people interested can be definitely ascertained.

It is known that the question of Guiteau's insanity will be reopened, if the combined efforts of his friends and former counsel can avail. There are still four months in which to work to save the murderer from the gallows. Scoville's trip east has another purpose than the mere perfection and filing a bill of exceptions with the court here. Certain eminent specialists have, it is understood, been enlisted in the cause to the extent of writing papers, either pro or con, regarding the sanity of the assassin. For instance, a paper from Dr. Hammond, of New York, will be presented this week in one of the leading medical journals. Others may be expected to follow until the matter has again come to be widely discussed, from which it is inferred that pressure may be brought to bear which will result favorably to Guiteau.

The Wilkes Barre *Record* says "The Democratic managers by collusion with the Wolfe Independents, and under the patronage of Mr. Gowen, of the Reading Railroad, are cooking up a scheme to nominate Hon. S. P. Wolverton, of Sunbury, for Governor, with an amalgamation ticket as the tail of the kite, and elect it under the reform dodge." This is a very gauzy yarn, emanating from the too lively imagination of the *Record's* editor. If Mr. Wolverton receives the Democratic nomination for Governor it will be upon the grounds of eminent fitness and capability and not because any clique or faction desire it. Mr. Wolverton's record both public and private is unimpeachable and he would certainly make an unexceptionable Governor. He is a man of sterling integrity, a hard worker, an able lawyer and possesses an inexhaustible fund of common sense.

The statement published of the amounts allowed by the committee to audit the expenses of the sickness and burial of President Garfield to the attending surgeons is pronounced incorrect by a member of the committee. The amounts allowed are as follows: To Dr. Bliss, $25,000; to Drs. Agnew and Hamilton, $15,000 each; to Drs. Reyburn and Boynton, $10,000; to Mrs. Dr. Edson, $5,000. Mr. Crumps, the steward, is allowed $3,000 and the other employes of the Executive Mansion two months' extra pay. The committee recommends the appointment of Surgeon General Barnes to the rank of major general and his retirement at that grade and the promotion of Dr. Woodward to the rank of lieutenant colonel. The committee has also agreed to grant to Mrs. Garfield the remainder of her husband's salary for the current year. The report will not be unanimous, but Messrs. Springer and Blackburn will submit a minority report opposing most of the items allowed.

THE TAX ON MATCHES.

There can be no good reason why Congress should not repeal the law imposing a tax on matches. The manufacture of these necessary articles as now conducted, is controlled by a monopoly, all of the small establishments having been crowded out by the imposition of the tax. A purchase of stamps in sums of fifty dollars or less must be paid in full at the time of the purchase. Any one buying more than fifty dollars worth may, by giving bond, have sixty days' credit and a discount of five per cent.; while he who purchases more than five hundred dollars worth may have a like credit and ten per cent. discount. The people pay nearly $3,300,000 a year tax to maintain this monopoly, and it is therefore not astonishing that the proposition to repeal the tax meets with warm opposition from the manufacturers. Mr. Swift, one of the largest match makers of the country, stated to the committee of Congress having the subject under consideration, that their "business has become adjusted to the tax," and its repeal would compel them to go out of the business. In other words if Congress does not project him by imposing a tax that prevents less wealthy men from making matches he cannot control the entire market. His own argument furnishes Congress with good reasons for stopping the tax.

A NEW RAILROAD.

A strong corps of engineers is at work making a careful survey of the Jersey Shore, Pine Creek and Buffalo Railway from Williamsport to Stokesdale, seventy-five miles distant, in Tioga county. As soon as the surveys are completed the road will be put under contract and built as rapidly as possible. It is expected that the greater portion of the new road will be finished early in the fall. Much of the heavy rock cutting and grading between Williamsport and Jersey Shore was completed a few years ago, so that nothing now remains but to lay down the ties and place the iron thereon. At Stokesdale a junction is formed with the Antrim, Cowanesque and Geneva Railroad, which leads to a connection with the New York Central at Geneva.

The new link, which is to serve as the outlet for the Reading Railroad, will form a very important one, connecting, as it does, with the great trunk line system of the Vanderbilt roads and supplying them with the hard coal of the anthracite region and bringing back in return valuable iron ores from the north for the use of many furnaces in the Schuylkill region.

The corps of engineers has reached Jersey Shore, twelve miles west of Williamsport, and will now push up Pine Creek rapidly. Another corps, it is expected, will greatly facilitate the work of surveying and locating the line through the Pine Creek Mountains. The chief engineer has already advertised for rail road ties and such other material as will be required in the construction of the line, and just as soon as spring fairly opens the work will move along more rapidly.

CONKLING'S APPOINTMENT.

The President created a decided sensation on Friday last, by nominating Ex-Senator Conkling to fill the vacancy on the bench of the Supreme Court caused by the resignation of Justice Ward Hunt. Senators as well as the public were surprised as no such action had been anticipated. Mr. Conkling it will be remembered, once refused to accept the Chief Justiceship proffered him by Gen. Grant, and there is a great diversity of opinion as to Mr. Conkling's acceptance of the office. If he does assume the gown it will mean that he has virtually retired from politics and those who know him best claim that his political life is by no means ended and that he has a brilliant future before him. When the nomination came before the Senate, Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts made a savage speech in which he declared that he did not believe Conkling to be honest. Contrary to custom in such cases the nomination was referred to the judiciary committee. Mr. Conkling declines to say anything regarding the nomination and it is not known what he will do. It may be that he desires to know how he stands with Senators and that if the nomination is confirmed he will refuse to accept. Should he take the office he would be at liberty to resign in the event of being chosen Senator by the New York legislature. It hardly seems credible that the President would have made the appointment if he knew Mr. Conkling intended to refuse the office if confirmed. That he would make an excellent judge hardly admits of doubt as his legal ability is admitted, but he will hardly be welcomed as a Supreme Judge by the people in view of his political past. His appointment was a mistake and his confirmation will be a greater one.

THE NEW APPORTIONMENT.

The bill fixing the number of representatives in Congress at 325 has become a law. This adds 32 members to the present number and increases the Electoral College from 369 to 401, so that 201 electoral votes will be required to elect a President and Vice President instead of 185 as at present. Pennsylvania gains one member by the new apportionment. Ten Republican states gain 17 members and ten Democratic states 15 members. Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont each lose one, New York gains one and California two. The Pittsburg *Post* has a very interesting editorial on the subject and thus comments on the political outlook:

"On the old sectional lines, the South gains 15 members over the last apportionment and the North 20, but loses 3, making a net gain of 17. It is evident as bearing on the next Presidential election, that it will require a very decided change in political sentiment for the Democratic party to carry the Electoral College without New York. All calculations at this time, based on such a contingency, would be vague and valueless. The 153 votes from the South must be supplemented by forty-eight from the North for the Democrats to elect. New York has thirty-six of these. There remain then twelve to be carried elsewhere. Indiana has fifteen; or, leaving Indiana out, Nevada and California have thirteen. New Jersey added to any other State would suffice. By any calculation upon which the Democrats could triumph without New York the whole schedule would have to be recast. Ohio or Illinois would have to be gained, and in a contest in which either one of these could be carried by the Democrats it is probable several other Western States, Wisconsin, Oregon and Colorado, would be also gained. But when we figure on sweeping changes we must consider they are as likely at the South as elsewhere; but the considerations that will break the "solid South," will also divide the North. No one doubts, as new issues arise, there will be a change in the politics of a number of States, but it is an open question whether they will be developed in time to have much effect on the next Presidential election."

Judge Black on the Silly Craze for Political Sensation.

In an interview published in a Washington paper with Judge Jeremiah S. Black, of Pennsylvania, his attention was called to the declaration in some quarters being made that the winning ticket of 1884 would be Blaine for President and Joe Brown, of Georgia, for Vice President.

"What do you think about it?" queried the reporter.

"Can it be possible that the democratic party of this country is not yet done relying on phantoms to win a battle? Is there no wisdom in experience? Has it forgotten that time has always its own vindication in truth? Does the past furnish no lessons whereby its footsteps may be guided aright to the sepulcher of dead Presidential struggles and ambitions? There was the Seymour and Blair ticket of 1868, which was foredoomed to annihilation by Blair's celebrated letter declaring the amendments unconstitutional and void. In 1872 the party abandoned every profession it had ever made, held in abeyance every principle it had ever promulgated, and nominated its life long enemy—Federalist, Whig and Abolitionist—poor old Horace Greeley. In 1876 it nominated and elected Tilden and Hendricks, and then, affrighted at a few of Zach Chandler's threats, cowardly abandoned and betrayed them. In 1880, commanded by every motive of manhood, policy and decency to put again to lead it the successful and indomitable standard-bearer of 1876, it forsook him basely at malicious threats of another boss, and suffered for the fourth time ignominious disaster. And now there is talk of a combination upon Blaine and Joe Brown—Maine and Georgia—New England and the South—the Puritan and the slave dealer—the Stalwart Unionist and the zealous Confederate—the brilliant, dashing, gladiatorial Radical and the shrewd, practical, successful Democrat. This is folly, folly, folly. Such a ticket could no more win in this day and generation than Leander could have swam the Hellespont with a six-pound cannon lashed to his back."

"Who can you win with?" further queried the reporter.

"With a man who has been always a Democrat, true and consistent—one in whom the business interests of the country have confidence. Justice Field, who is now one of the Associated Justices of the United States Supreme Court, or any other man with a like record, can win."

HONORS TO GARFIELD.

Monday last was the day set apart for the memorial service in honor of the late President Garfield. The hall of the House of Representatives was used on the occasion and the rush for admittance was tremendous. Only those holding tickets were admitted. At 10 o'clock the capitol doors were thrown open and before half an hour had passed the galleries of the house were filled to their utmost capacity. The majority of the spectators were ladies, who, out of respect for the occasion, had for the most part discarded bright colors, and a sombre black was the prevailing hue of their costumes. There were no signs of mourning in the hall; the full length portrait of the late President was hung just back of the chair of the presiding officers, being itself undraped.

Among the guests who at an early hour occupied seats upon the floor, were General Schenck, Governors Hoyt, of Pennsylvania; Foster, of Ohio; Hamilton, of Maryland, and Bigelow, of Connecticut; Porter, of Indiana, and Adjutant General Harmine, of Connecticut. At 11.30 o'clock Generals Sherman, Sheridan, Hancock, Howard and Meigs, and Admirals Ammen, Rogers and Rodgers, entered at the north door of the chamber and were assigned to seats to the left of the speaker's desk, and a few moments later the members of the diplomatic corps, in full regalia, were ushered in, headed by the Hawaiian minister as dean of the corps. Their brilliant costumes only served to throw into stronger relief the dark attire of the members of Congress, who sat immediately behind them. The Supreme Court of the District, headed by Marshal Henry, were the next arrivals. Dr. Bliss was also in attendance. Mrs. Blaine occupied a front seat in the gallery reserved for the friends of the President.

At precisely 12 o'clock the House was called to order by Speaker Keifer and prayer offered by the chaplain.

The resolutions setting apart the day for the memorial services were read by Clerk McPherson.

At 12.10 the Senate was announced, and all rose respectfully as the Senators, headed by the officers of that body, entered and took their assigned seats. They were followed by the Chief Justice and the associate Justices of the Supreme Court, dressed in their robes of office. Again the assembled multitude arose as the President of the United States and his cabinet were announced. They were accompanied by Senator Sherman and Representative McKinley, chairmen of the committee of arrangements.

At 12.30 the orator of the day, James G. Blaine, was announced, and his advent was the signal for a round of applause. The ceremonies were then opened by a short prayer by Chaplain F. D. Power, of the House, after which President Davis said:

"This day is dedicated by Congress for memorial services of the late President of the United States, James A. Garfield. I present to you the Hon. James G. Blaine, who has been fitly chosen as the orator for this historical occasion."

Mr. Blaine then rose, and, standing at the Clerk's desk immediately in front of the two presiding officers, proceeded, with impressiveness of manner and clear ness of tone, to deliver his eulogy from manuscript.

The eulogy, which is too long for publication, was both graceful and eloquent. It was characterised throughout by the greatest delicacy and tact. Mr. Blaine's remarks on the bitter party strife which culminated in Conkling's resignation, were very brief but to the point. The President was fully vindicated and that too without causing any bitterness of feeling on the part of those who were opposed to him. The speaker reviewed the whole life of Garfield, and dwelt with fervor upon the manly earnestness and honesty of the dead man. The eulogy reflects the greatest credit on both the heart and brain of the distinguished orator. An hour and a half were occupied in its delivery. A resolution of thanks of both houses of Congress was adopted unanimously. The House then adjourned as a further mark of respect to the memory of the dead President. The Senate was only nominally in session during the day.

A Healthy Corpse.

One of the most common forms political stupidity takes on in Republican journals is the statement the Democratic party is either dead or rapidly going to pieces. * * * A party that has a following of 5,000,000 votes, organized and maintained without the aid of federal patronage, can hardly be called a dead institution. The wish is father to the thought on the part of our esteemed Republican contemporaries.—*Pittsburg Post (Dem.)*

News Items.

325 refugee Jews from Russia arrived in Philadelphia, on the steamship Illinois, on February 23.

Congress voted $100,000 to be used to keep the people from starvation who have suffered from the floods along the Mississippi. From 50,000 to 75,000 persons have been made destitute.

Another six days go-as-you please walking match began just after midnight on Sunday last at the Madison Square garden, New York. Rowell, Vint, Hughes and other noted pedestrians are in the match which promises to be very exciting.

[Terre Haute Saturday Evening Mail.]

Mr. George Knoehr after having tried all remedies recommended to him for Rheumatism, received no relief until he tried St. Jacobs Oil, the first application of which gave him relief, and the continued use cured him.

Hastings & Ross' machine shops at Bath N. Y. were destroyed by fire last Saturday morning. Loss $12,000, about half insured.

Maud S. the famous trotter has been withdrawn from the turf and will be driven hereafter by the owner, W. H. Vanderbilt, as a roadster.

A SMOOTH COMPLEXION.

Can be had by every lady who will use Parker's Ginger Tonic. Regulating the internal organs and purifying the blood it quickly removes pimples and gives a healthy bloom to the cheek. Read about it in another column.

The President has signed the joint resolution appropriating $100,000 for the relief of destitute persons in the district overflowed by the Mississippi river.

J. H. Hughes, known as the "Fakir of Ava," was bitten by a pet raccoon recently at Troy, N. Y., and is now dangerously ill.

An enricher of the blood and purifier of the system; cures lassitude and lack of energy; is Brown's Iron Bitters.

A SKILLFUL PREPARATION

Composed of roots, barks, and plants that act in harmony, and are a pleasant and effective medicine, constitute Burdock Blood Bitters, of which highly commendatory reports are being constantly received. Price $1.00.

Ward McConkey, convicted of murder in Pittsburg for killing George A. McClure, of McKeesport, having been refused a new trial, was sentenced on Saturday to be hanged.

It is proposed that the government shall devote $25,000 to the erection, in the principal cities of the country, of time-balls, which shall be lowered at 12, meridian, every day.

A SIGNIFICANT FACT.

The cheapest medicine in use is Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Major F. V. Walker, of the United States Army, was cowhided in Vineland N. J. on Saturday afternoon by Mary O'Neil, a flaxen-haired Irish girl, whose fighting weight is 200 pounds. The Major's alleged offense was the offering of insults to Mary's sister, a girl of seventeen.

It is useless to deny that the brightest and fairest fall easy victims to consumption, and equally fruitless to ignore the fact that decline has its origin in many cases in neglected catarrh. Sanford's Radical Cure is a pure, sweet, balsamic specific.

The House at Washington passed the postal appropriation bill last Saturday by a vote of 180 to 11.

Hon. Robert H. Pruyn, minister to Japan under President Lincoln, and a candidate for lieutenant governor in 1865, died suddenly at Albany, N. Y. on Sunday last.

Mr. J. J. Reminsnyder, of Sunbury, is being urged as a candidate for member of the Legislature of Northumberland county.

Henry Wenner and Theodore Hill, candidates for common council, in the Fourth Ward, in Williamsport, received a tie vote—each 207. A new election will be held.

The firm of R. P. Sisk & Co. stock and grain brokers, of Harrisburg, have suspended business, and their request for a receiver has been granted them by the court.

An unprovoked murder took place at Etna, a small town near Allegheny City last Saturday night. A young man named William Beecher was disputing with another man about some work, when George Wolff, a German, came up and interfered. He soon drew a knife and stabbed Beecher to the heart killing him instantly. The murderer was arrested the next day.

A convention of fifty-three editors of weekly republican papers in the state of New York was held in New York city on February 23, for the purpose of forming an association in order to secure concert of action in state and local conventions.

An unknown man was found drowned in the supply well of the Bridesburg Manufacturing Company, near Philadelphia, and is supposed to have been in this well for about two months.

The Right Rev. Patrick N. Lynch, Roman Catholic Bishop of Charleston S. C. died in that city on Sunday aged 65 years.

Reports continue to come in from all parts of the lower Mississippi below Cairo of a terrible state of things in consequence of the flood. Almost the entire lowland cotton region from Cairo to Vicksburg is either submerged or likely to be soon, and the damage there is already greater than ever known by any previous flood.

Bear hunting has been unusually successful in Potter county this winter.

Mrs. Ostrander, of Pond Eddy, Pike county, died recently of small-pox. Her husband in lieu of assistance was obliged to drag her coffin to the grave with a rope.

About nine o'clock Monday morning a loud explosion occurred in the Union Building, Chicago, in which the general offices of the Associated Press and the Western Union Telegraph Company are located, shaking the entire building, knocking out the heavy plate glass from the windows in all parts of the building and demolishing the wood work, doors and plastering. The explosion was caused by a boy named James Bret entering one of the vaults, where the gas had been escaping since Saturday, with a lighted match. He was seriously if not fatally injured.

Cuticura

Geo. W. Brown, 48 Marshall St., Providence, R. I., cured by Cuticura Resolvent (blood purifier) and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap (the great skin cures) of a ringworm humor got at the barber's, which spread all over his ears, neck and face, and for six years resisted all kinds of treatment.

SKIN HUMOR.

F. H. Drake, Esq., agent for Harper & Bros., Detroit, Mich., gives an astonishing account of his case (eczema rodent), which had been treated by consultation of physicians without benefit, and which speedily yielded to the Cuticura Resolvent (blood purifier) internally and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap (the great skin cures) externally.

SCALD HEAD.

H. A. Raymond, Auditor F. W., & S. R. R., Jackson, Mich., was cured of scald head of nine years duration by the Cuticura Remedies.

ECZEMA.

Hon. Wm. Taylor, Boston, Mass., permanently cured of a humor of the face and scalp (eczema) that had been treated unsuccessfully for twelve years by many of Boston's physicians and most noted specialists, as well as European authorities.

MILK CRUST.

Mrs. Browers, 143 Clinton St., Cincinnati, speaks of her sister's child, who was cured of milk crust which resisted all remedies for two years. Now a fine healthy boy, with a beautiful head of hair.

FALLING HAIR.

Frank A. Bean, Steam Fire Engine 6, Boston, was cured of Alopecia, or falling of the hair, by the Cuticura Resolvent (blood purifier) internally and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap (the great skin cures) externally, which completely restored his hair when all said he would lose it.

TREATMENT.

The Cuticura treatment consists of the internal use of the Cuticura Resolvent, the new blood purifier, and the external use of Cuticura and Cuticura Soap, the great skin cures.

CUTICURA

Remedies are for sale by all druggists. Price of Cuticura a Medicinal Jelly, small boxes 50 cents; large boxes $1. Cuticura Resolvent, the new Blood Purifier, $1 per bottle. Cuticura Soap (the queen of medicinal and toilet soaps), 25 cents. Cuticura Medicinal Shaving Soap, 15 cents. Principal depot,

WEEKS & POTTER, BOSTON, MASS.

CATARRH



Sanford's Radical Cure.

Clear head and voice, easy breathing, sweet breath perfect smell, taste and hearing, no cough, no distress, by using Sanford's Radical Cure.

Sneeze until your head is ready to fly off, eyes and nose running water, throat parched and blood feverish or take Sanford's Radical Cure for Catarrh and be cured.

With Hazel, American Pine, Canada Fir, Marigold and Clover Blossoms are what Sanford's Radical Cure is made of. One bottle Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent and Sanford's Inhaler, in one package for $1. Sold everywhere.

WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.



ELECTRICITY

Gentle, yet effective, united with Healing Balsam, render COLLINS' VOLTAIC ELECTRIC PLASTERS one hundred times superior to all other plasters for every Pain, Weakness, and Inflammation. Price, 25 cents. Sold everywhere.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have bought of A. T. Creveling at Constable Sale on the 24th day of February, 1882, the following personal property: 1 horse, 3 cows, 2 hogs, 1 carriage, 1 spring-wagon, 1 buck-board, 3 sets of Harness, a lot of hay, grain in the ground, and all the household goods and furniture. I have loaned the above described goods to A. T. Creveling during my pleasure and caution all persons against interfering or meddling with the same.

Van Camp, March 1st, 1882. DARYL I. CREVELING. March 3-4w

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS

CORRECTED WEEKLY

FLOUR.	
Minnesota extras	$6 75 @ 7 37
Pennsylvania family	6 40 @ 6 50
Western	5 00 @ 5 25
Rye	4 75 @ 5 00
GRAIN.	
Wheat	1 44 per bush.
Rye	90 @ 91 per bush.
Corn	66 @ 72 " "
Oats	48 @ 50 " "
Cloverseed	9 @ 9½ cts. per lb.
Timothy	2 35 @ 2 65

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET

Wheat per bushel	$1.25
Rye "	.90
Corn, "	.75
Oats "	.45
Flour per barrel	8.00
Cloverseed	5.50
Butter	.26
Eggs	.25
Tallow	.08
Potatoes	1.00
Dried Apples	.05
Hams	.12½
Sides & Shoulders	.10
Chickens	.08
Turkeys	.12
Lard per pound	.12
Hay per ton	16 00
Beeswax	.25

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pa., will be exposed at public sale on the premises, in the township of Mifflin, in said county, on

FRIDAY, MARCH 24th, 1882,

at 2 o'clock p. m. the following described real estate late of Jonas Hartzel, deceased, to-wit: Lot of ground containing

Eleven Acres,

adjoining land of D. C. Bond, Michael Heller, Samuel Heller and others. The said lot is all improved land, in a good state of cultivation.

ALSO, at the same time and place a tract of

TIMBER LAND,

adjoining lands of Nathan Creasy, David Brown, Stephen Hetler and others. This tract will be sold subject to a widow's dower of $137.60.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale, and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

Purchasers to pay for making deed.

MICHAEL M. HARTZEL, JOHN HARTZEL, Administrators.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned Henry Fullmer Administrator of the estate of Abraham Force, late of Orange township, deceased, will expose to sale on the premises on

TUESDAY, MARCH 21st, 1882,

at two o'clock p. m. the following described real estate situate in Orange township, bounded as follows: On the north by land of Abraham Dildine, on the east by lands of Isaiah Kline, John Welsh and Hartman heirs, on the south by land of Jesse Brumstettar and on the west by lands of Michael Sidler and James Eves, containing

EIGHTY-TWO ACRES

and EIGHTY-EIGHT PERCHES more or less, whereon are erected a Small Log House, also a good

A GOOD BANK BARN

and out-houses, also a GOOD SPRING OF WATER on the premises and a thrifty

YOUNG ORCHARD.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of one-fourth of the purchase money shall be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent at the confirmation absolute, and the remaining three fourths in one year after confirmation nisi with interest from that date.

A. C. & HERVEY E. SMITH, Attorneys. HENRY FULLMER, Administrator. feb 24-3w

PUBLIC SALE OF Valuable Real Estate.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned executor of the last will and testament of John Sands, late of Greenwood township, Columbia county, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises on

Friday, March 10th, 1882,

at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the following described real estate, situate in Greenwood township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded by Green creek and lands of A. H. Kitchen, the heirs of John Reece, deceased, Jacob Gerrard, Samuel Albertson and others, and containing

78 ACRES.

and Sixty-six perches, more or less, on which are erected a

LARGE 3 STORY FULLING MILL,

in good running order, a

NEW FRAME HOUSE; BARN, as good as new; and all necessary out-buildings; water at the house, and Green creek runs along the edge of the farm and supplies the mill with water, a young Orchard, of choice fruit on the place.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money shall be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation nisi, and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

feb 10-ts D. K. SLOAN, Executor, Orangeville, Pa.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE

Real Estate!

Pursuant to an order of the Orphan's Court of Columbia county, Pennsylvania, will be sold at public sale, on the premises, in the township of Montour, in said county, on

FRIDAY, MARCH 10th, 1882.

at two o'clock p. m. the following described real estate late of John Baltor, deceased, to-wit: A house and

Lot of Ground,

adjoining land of Henry Lazarus, Jeremiah Beaver and Isaiah Hagenbuch. This lot is situated on the public road leading from Bloomsburg to Danville. The house is a large two story

FRAME DWELLING.

There is erected on said lot also A GOOD STABLE BLACK-SMITH SHOP AND OUT-HOUSES: Also a good WELL of WATER on the premises.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale, and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

Purchaser to pay for making deed.

t-s PETER S. KARSHNER, Administrator.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

The undersigned Executor of John Kline Sr., deceased, by order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pa., will expose to sale by public out-cry on the premises near Numedia, in Locust township, county and State aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 18th, 1882,

at two o'clock in the afternoon, all the right, title and interest of the said deceased, of, in and to the following described tract of land, situated in Locust township near the flourishing village of Numedia, bounded by land of John Snyder on the north, land of Samuel Reinbold on the east, by land of Wm. Helwig on the south, and by lands of John L. Kline and Washington Rarig on the west, containing about

40 ACRES

of land more or less with the appurtenances on which are erected a good TWO STORIED

FRAME HOUSE.

barn and out-buildings, a good well of lasting water at the house, a good

APPLE ORCHARD

on the premises, and other fruit trees. The land is in a good state of cultivation, and will be sold subject to a mortgage made in the life time of decedent by him, as mortgagor to Celestial Rhoads, mortgagee, for the sum of seven hundred dollars, payable without interest, April 1st 1883. Possession will be given to the purchaser April 1st, 1882. Deed to be at the expense of purchaser.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money to be paid in cash at the striking down of the property, one-third one year thereafter with interest, from April 1st 1882, and one-third at the death of Mary Kline, the widow, with interest payable annually to said widow during her life and at her death the principal to be paid to the parties legally entitled thereto. The latter two payments to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises, with security to be approved by the Executor for the certain payment of the same when due.

Numedia, Pa. Feb. 24 ts JOHN L. KLINE Executor.

CITATION.

In the matter of the estate of Margaret Fortner, a lunatic. } In the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, SS:

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:—To the husband and children of Margaret Fortner a lunatic, resident of Madison township, county of Columbia, and A. K. Smith guardian ad litem of Clark Fortner a minor child of said Margaret Fortner a lunatic—Greeting:

At the instance of C. Kramer committee of said Margaret Fortner, a lunatic as aforesaid. You and each of you laying aside all business and excuses whatsoever are hereby cited to be and appear before the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas in and for said county of Columbia, on the thirty-first day of March A. D. 1882, at nine (9) o'clock a. m., to show cause if any you have why C. Kramer, committee of Margaret Fortner lunatic aforesaid, shall not make sale of a certain tract of land owned by said Margaret Fortner, lunatic aforesaid, as set forth in the petition filed, of said C. Kramer committee as aforesaid.—Herein fail not.

Witness the Honorable William Elwell President Judge of our said court at Bloomsburg, the 18th day of February A. D. 1882.

WM. KRICKBAUM, Proth. G. M. QUICK, Deputy. feb 24-4w

Orphans' Court Sale OF VALUABLE

Real Estate!

By virtue of an order issued out of the Orphans Court of Columbia county, the undersigned Administrator of George Breece late of Madison township said county, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises at 2 o'clock p. m., on

SATURDAY, MARCH 11th, 1882.

All that certain messuage and tract of land situate in Madison township, Columbia county, Pa., bounded by lands of William Mastellar, H. W. McReynolds, Cyrus Reichard, Jacob Zeisloft and others containing

160 ACRES

of land more or less, with the appurtenances, whereon is erected a large new

Dwelling House,

BANK BARN, Good Out-Buildings. The farm is well watered and has an

APPLE ORCHARD,

and fruit trees of all kinds. Sale will be subject to a dower of $1304,50 in favor of Mary Snyder, widow of Daniel Snyder Sr., deceased. Possession will be given April 1st, 1882. Deed to be at expense of purchaser. All grain in ground reserved.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash at the striking down of the property, one-third April 1st 1883 with interest from April 1st 1882, and the balance one-third to be paid at the death of Susanna Breece widow of George Breece, deceased, to the heirs of George Breece deceased, with interest annually from April 1st 1882, payable to said widow during her life. Said two thirds to be secured by bonds and mortgage on the premises.

feb 17-ts WILLIAM MASTELLER, Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

ESTATE OF DAVID SITLER, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of David Sitler, late of Centre township, Columbia county, Penna, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Samuel H. Sitler administrator. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

March 3-6w SAMUEL H. SITLER, Administrator.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ADAM BELLES, DECEASED.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to distribute the fund in the hands of the executors as shown by their third account will perform the duties of his appointment at his office in Bloomsburg on Tuesday March 21st 1882, at ten o'clock a. m., when and where all persons having claims upon said fund are requested to present them or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

feb 24-4w JOHN M. CLARK, Auditor.

AUDITORS NOTICE.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM VERRY, DECEASED.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the adm'r. of the estate of Wm. Verry, late of the town of Bloomsburg, deceased, as appears by his first and final account, will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of E. H. & R. R. Little in Bloomsburg, Wednesday, March 22nd 1882, at 10 a. m. where parties having claims on said estate will appear and prove the same or be debarred from receiving any share thereof.

feb 24-4w A. E. CHAPIN, Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JOSHUA [illegible], DECEASED.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to make distribution of the balance of the fund in the hands of the administrator of the estate of said decedent to and among parties entitled thereto, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, March 18th, 1882, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all parties interested in said fund must attend, or be forever debarred from any share of said fund.

feb 17 4-w R. BUCKINGHAM, Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Columbia County, S. S.

Among the records and proceedings of the Orphans' Court of said county, inter alia it is thus contained

Estate of Joseph [illegible] And now, Feb. 13, 1882, on motion of S. Knorr, Clinton Peacock Esq., is appointed auditor to distribute the funds in the hands of the administrator by his account among the parties entitled thereto.

BY THE COURT.

Certified from the records this 14th day of February, A. D., 1882.

WM. KRICKBAUM, Clerk O. C.

In pursuance of the above the undersigned auditor will sit at the office of E. R. Ikeler, Esq., in Bloomsburg on Friday March 10th, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m., to perform the duties of his appointment when and where all persons interested should appear and present their claims or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

feb 17-4w C. C. PEACOCK, Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of Catharine Shoemaker, deceased. } Orphans' Court of Columbia County

And now February 17th, 1882, on motion of C. G. Barkley Esq., attorney for Seth Shoemaker one of the heirs of said deceased, Samuel Knorr Esq., is appointed auditor to distribute the funds in the hands of the administrator as shown by the first and final account to and among the parties entitled thereto.

BY THE COURT.

Certified from the records this 18th day of February 1882

WM. KRICKBAUM, Clerk.

In pursuance of the above, the undersigned Auditor will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, March 25th, 1882, at ten o'clock a. m., to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons interested should appear and present their claims or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

Feb 24-4w S. KNORR, Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ELIJAH YOCUM, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of Elijah Yocum, late of Locust twp, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administrator All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrators without delay.

JOHN C YOCUM, Bloomsburg, OBEDIAH YOCUM, Elysburg, Administrators. feb 10 6-w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

ESTATE OF JESSE OHL, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Jesse Ohl, late of Benton township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to I. K. Krickbaum of Benton township, administrator. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned Administrator, without delay.

I. K. KRICKBAUM, Administrator, Cambra, Pa. feb 3 6-w*

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM.



This elegant dressing is preferred by those who have used it, to any similar article, on account of its superior cleanliness and purity. It contains materials only that are beneficial to the scalp and hair and always

Restores the Youthful Color to Grey or Faded Hair

Parker's Hair Balsam is finely perfumed and is warranted to prevent falling of the hair and to remove dandruff and itching. Hiscox & Co., N.Y. 50c. and $1 sizes, at dealers in drugs and medicines.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

A Superlative Health and Strength Restorer.

If you are a mechanic or farmer, worn out with overwork, or a mother run down by family or household duties try PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

If you are a lawyer, minister or business man exhausted by mental strain or anxious cares, do not take intoxicating stimulants, but use Parker's Ginger Tonic

If you have Consumption, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaints, or any disorder of the lungs, stomach, bowels, blood or nerves, PARKER'S GINGER TONIC will cure you. It is the Greatest Blood Purifier

And the Best and Surest Cough Cure Ever Used.

If you are wasting away from age, dissipation or any disease or weakness and require a stimulant take GINGER TONIC at once; it will invigorate and build you up from the first dose but will never intoxicate. It has saved hundreds of lives; it may save yours.

CAUTION!—Refuse all substitutes. Parker's Ginger Tonic is composed of the best remedial agents in the world, and is entirely different from preparations of ginger alone. Send for circular to Hiscox & Co., N. Y. 50c. & $1 sizes, at dealers in drugs.

GREAT SAVING BUYING DOLLAR SIZE.

FLORESTON

Its rich and lasting fragrance has made this delightful perfume exceedingly popular. There is nothing like it. Insist upon having FLORESTON COLOGNE and look for signature of

Hiscox & Co.

on every bottle. Any druggist or dealer in perfumery can supply you. 25 and 75 cent sizes.

LARGE SAVING BUYING 75c. SIZE.

COLOGNE.

March 3, '82 ly.

CUT THIS OUT!

AGENTS MAKE $15 TO $40 PER WEEK.

We have stores in 15 leading Cities, from which our agents obtain their supplies quickly. Our Factories and Principal Offices are at Erie, Pa. Send for our New Catalogue and terms to agents Address

M. N. LOVELL 312 Lackawanna Ave SCRANTON, PA.

March 3 -ly

JOHN A. FUNSTON & Co.

Real Estate, Trust, Investment and Collection Office.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FOR SALE

3½ story frame woolen mill, with full set of machinery, a good natural water power, all in good working condition, also large frame dwelling house and out-buildings, 26 acres of land, 3 miles to Bloomsburg, will be sold cheap and on good terms, owned by C. L. Sands.

70 acres, good land, buildings, fences, fruit and water, in Benton twp., one mile to New Columbus. Terms reasonable. Owned by Daniel Wenner. Price $1,000

275 Acres. Hurley farm, Montour township, frame dwelling house, bank barn and other out-buildings, good soil; about 100 acres timber; well watered; healthy location, good markets. If desired, will divide in two or three tracts. See draft at [illegible]. Terms easy. Now owned by Wm. Neal, Esq.

A comfortable new brick dwelling on 4th street, west of Market, 10 rooms. A bargain.

150 acres on south bank of river 1½ miles from town of Mifflin on road to Berwick. 115 acres bottom land, balance timber. Brick dwelling, bank barn and outbuildings, good fruit and water, (well and fountain). Also a valuable deposit of fire brick and potter's clay. Owned by John Wolf, of Bloomsburg.

A desirable new brick dwelling house and a large frame dwelling house and frame stable on Main street one door below Third.

Lots offered on easy terms with contracts to build if desired.

95 acres in Madison township; occupied by Joseph Wise. Good frame house and bank barn. Land lately well limed and manured. Apple orchard and other fruits.

105 Acres in Fishingcreek township, on road to Benton. Brick house, frame barn and sheds. Good water at house and barn. Apple orchard and other fruits. Owned by John Pealer.

112 Acres productive land in Hemlock township, 1½ miles from Bloomsburg. Frame dwelling, bank barn and two tenant houses.

A 2 story brick dwelling, new frame barn, good water and fruit. All in best of condition on Centre street, Bloomsburg, between 3rd and 4th.

A large frame house and barn with outbuildings, good water and fruit. Corner of Third and Railroad streets.

A very pleasant frame dwelling, corner of 5th and Iron streets, with water and gas. All in good condition.

A 2½ story frame carriage and blacksmith shop, 40x30 feet on Iron near Main street, with trade and good will. A full set of tools in each department. Reasonable price and terms.

A nearly new 2-story frame dwelling on Fourth Street, Catawissa, frame stable, good water, and fruit, all in good condition.

Also, 2½ acres land on [illegible] & W. R. R. near Catawissa Paper Mills, with coal yard, 4 lime kilns, and railroad siding. A desirable site for car shops or other manufactory. Terms reasonable. Owned by J. B. Knittle.

68 acres, well watered, in Hemlock township, frame house, bank barn and out-buildings, choice fruit, young orchard, with grain in ground, stock &c., if desired. Thomas Hickey owner.

For particulars, apply to JOHN A. FUNSTON, or PAUL E. WIRT.

Oct. 14, '81-tf

C. E. SAVAGE,

DEALER IN

Silverware. Watches, Jewelry, Clocks, &c



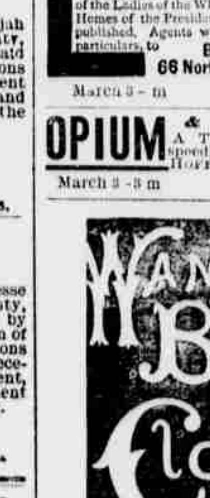
All kinds of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry neatly repaired and warranted.

may 17, '78-tf

$1000 REWARD! for any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching, Ulcerated, or Protruding PILES that DeBING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. Prepared by J. P. MILLER, M.D., 936 Arch St. Phila., Pa. None genuine without his signature. Send for circular. Sold by druggists and country stores. $1

feb 10 4-w d

STANDARD FOOD FOR PLANTS.



ODORLESS.

For producing flowers and vigorous growth it has no equal. Has stood the test for years, and always does all claimed for it. Is specially adapted for house plants and gardening, giving a healthy growth and abundant flowers. Over 100,000 packages sold in 1881. Awarded the medal at the mechanics' fair in Boston. Put up in packages at 15 and 25 cents each.

For sale by all Druggists and Grocers.

ASTHMA Can be cured by the use of Dr. H. James' Cannabis Indica Remedies. For Book, Testimonials, etc., Address CRADDOCK & Co., 1032 Race St., Phila., Pa.



This Riding Saw Machine is warranted to saw off a 2 foot log in 2 minutes, and costs less money than any other Saw Machine. We are the first firm who manufactured these machines in America, and at present own the only legal right of the same. Send for our free circular.

United States Manf'g Co., Washington, D. C.

LADIES of the WHITE HOUSE

The ONLY BOOK of the kind ever pub'd NEW EDITION. A HISTORY of every Administration from Washington to the present time, with over 20 Steel Portraits of the Ladies of the White House, with view of many of the Homes of the Presidents. This is the most salable book published. Agents wanted—send for Circulars, with full particulars, to BRADLEY & CO., Publishers, 66 North 4th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

March 3 - m ald

OPIUM & MORPHINE EATING A Treatise on their speedy cure SENT FREE. Dr. J. C. HOFFMAN, P.O. Box 138, Chicago, Ill.

March 3 -3 m ald

WANAMAKER AND BROWN

Clothing 6th & Market Sts

OAK HALL

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SAMPLES SENT BY MAIL WHEN WRITTEN FOR

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

Cures Scrofula, Erysipelas, Pimples and Face Grubs, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Tetter, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sores, Mercurial Diseases, Female Weakness and Irregularities, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia and General Debility.

A course of Burdock Blood Bitters will satisfy the most skeptical that it is the Greatest Blood Purifier on earth. Sold by medicine dealers every where. Directions in eleven languages. PRICE, $1.00.

FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop's, Buffalo, N.Y.

$100 A Month for TEACHERS, STUDENTS, Young Men, Ladies and Agents, taking orders for [illegible] COL. INGERSOLL, or Infidelity [illegible] and Truth victorious now the most popular NEW BOOK in the field. Both: Shield and a Sword. Everybody wants it. Low Price, Quick Sales. Send for Circular and Terms. P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., 915 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

March 3 -2m

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, MAR. 3, '82.

PUBLIC SALES.

John Dietterich will sell personal property in Espy on Thursday, March 9th.

Henry Fullmer, administrator of the estate of Abraham Force, deceased, will sell real estate in Orange township, on Tuesday March 21st at 2 p. m.

J. C. and Obadiah Yocum, administrators of Elijah Yocum deceased, will sell personal property in Locust township on March 17th and 18th.

D. K. Sloan, executor of John Sands, deceased, will sell real estate and personal property on the premises in Greenwood township on Friday, March 10th at 10 a. m. See advertisement.

Turner Eyer will sell personal property at Eyersgrove on March 6th.

Peter S. Karshner administrator of John Bailor deceased will sell real estate in Montour township on Friday, March 10th.

William Mostellar, administrator of George Breece deceased, will sell real estate in Madison township on Saturday March 11th.

John L. Kline, executor of John Kline Sr. will sell real estate in Locust township on Saturday March 18th. See advertisement.

WANTED—A good trusty farm hand.
J. B. ROBISON, Esther Furnace.

A heavy fog settled over the town last Wednesday during the rain storm, a most unusual occurrence at this time of year.

Sheriff Ent who has been confined to the house by sickness for some time past, is once more attending to his official duties.

There is some prospect that the furnace at Northumberland will be put into operation again.

F. E. Brockway Esq. was elected a school director for Salem township, Luzerne county last week.

Monthly Gospel Temperance meeting in the Baptist church, on Tuesday evening, March 7th, at 7 o'clock.

Judge Elwell will hold special court in Sunbury next week, to hear a case in which Judge Rockafellar is interested.

Mr. I. S. Kuhn has taken as a partner Mr. Jessie Martz of Shamokin. Mr. Martz will occupy the new house of Mr. Kuhn, on Centre street.

A meeting of the trustees of the Normal School was held on Tuesday evening. The business transacted was not of general public interest.

Business must be lively, judging by the number of commercial men on the road. The Exchange Hotel register has been well filled for the past two or three weeks.

Can some one learned in German lore tell us how to spell what we call pawnhoss? What is the etymology? Is it pan-jack—pfannhans?

An entertainment will be given to-morrow, Saturday, evening in the Lutheran church, under the auspices of the Woman's Missionary Society. Admission ten cents.

What has become of the doleful prophet who predicts the failure of the peach crop? It is full time for him to set up his annual howl.

The Bellefonte *Watchman* thinks that "between Vennor, the Ground-Hog, Mother Shipton, the Goose-Bone, and Old Probabilities, the poor weather is in a quandary and don't know what in the deuce to do."

Mr. and Mrs. Freas Brown gave a dinner party to a number of their friends at the Exchange Hotel last Tuesday. The dinner was all that could be desired and fully worthy of the reputation of "mine host" Tubbs as a caterer.

A young man named Vernon Eves, of Millville, Columbia county, fell in a fit, last evening, at the house of a friend, East Third street, and received an ugly cut on the back of the head, by coming in contact with a hat rack.—*Wm'spt. Gazette & Bulletin Mar. 1st.*

Don't be in a hurry to lay aside your heavy underclothing and warm overcoats because the sun has shone brightly for a few days. The worst month of the year—March—is before us, and one day in that month is no indication as to what the next will be.

An item is going the rounds of the press to the effect that the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company has decided to employ the third brakeman on every train, both freight and passenger. It will cost the company $70,000 a year.

Solomon Helwig, an old resident of Catawissa township, died suddenly on February 20th. He was just on his return from a visit in Mifflin county, and died in the wagon on his way from the depot to his home. He was a highly respected man and a good citizen.

Rev. H. H. Hewitt, father of Rev. John Hewitt, formerly rector of St. Paul's Church Bloomsburg, died at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Greenough, in Sunbury, last Saturday. The funeral took place on Tuesday. Mr. Hewitt had long been sick with consumption and died of that disease.

The recent warm rains have carried off the snow with marvelous celerity and taken the frost out of the ground. March is always more or less blustry and it is probable that there will be some cold weather during the month. Anything like an extended cold term need hardly be expected.

The rain on Wednesday raised the waters of Fishing Creek to a most unusual height and in a very brief space of time. A measurement made at Irondale showed a rise of seven inches in fifteen minutes. Below town the creek overflowed its banks, but no material damage was done. The water fell rapidly on Thursday morning.

If a kerosene lamp is filled full in a cold room, and then is brought into a warm one, the heat will cause the oil to expand and overflow, and leads to the suspicion that the lamp leaks. This should be avoided by not filling completely; knowing that this may occur, sufficient space should be left to allow for expansion.

The dear little blue birds have made their appearance in various localities and are warbling their Spring songs right gleefully. But before the buds and blossoms come those deluded songsters will don their ulsters and flit to warmer climes. A few blue birds do not make Spring, especially in this unreliable latitude.

Mr. Charles A. Spencer who has been here for the past three weeks in attendance upon his sick sister at the Sanitarium, started for Chicago on Wednesday morning with his sister and mother. The party had a special car from this place to Harrisburg and there took a drawing room car for the west. Mr. Spencer and his two brothers, who were here some time ago, made hosts of friends during their stay and will meet with a hearty welcome should they return.

Death to rats, roaches and ants; PARSON EXTERMINATOR. Barns, granaries and households cleared in a single night. No fear of bad smells. Best and cheapest vermin killer in the world. Sold everywhere.

FOUR LIVES SAVED.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup relieved four of my children of a most alarming attack of Whooping Cough, from which their throats and necks became so swollen as to prevent them from swallowing. Nothing would give them even temporary relief, until this Syrup was tried. One bottle, in one night, saved their lives, I verily believe.

Geo. W. Earhart.
Captain of Police, Baltimore, Md.

BOARDERS WANTED.—Students and others who wish a quiet and comfortable boarding place on or after April 1st, 1882, can procure such a place by making application to the undersigned either by letter or person. Location south corner of Third and Railroad Streets, Address,

feb 24 -3t WM. BEERS.

The recent warm weather has produced disastrous results upon the roads, and driving is now attended with much discomfort. There is, however, no very great amount of frost in the ground and unless storms occur it will not be long before the roads are in fair order. Supervisors should go to work as soon as the weather permits and put the public thoroughfares in good condition.

If you need Wall Paper go to the People's Drug & Book store where you can find a large assortment.

Messrs. Alexander & Woodhouse intend to begin the business of candy making in a short time, in order to supply their customers and the public with pure and fresh goods. They will occupy the room in which Paul E. Wirt Esq. now has his law office. One of the firm will go to Philadelphia in a few days to secure a skilled confectioner. We congratulate our enterprising young merchants on their new venture and wish them success in their undertaking

So soon as the weather permits there should be a general cleaning up of all refuse in gardens and grounds immediately surrounding dwellings. There is no surer source of disease than decaying matter, vegetable or animal, and those who are wise will see to it that all such deleterious stuff is removed before the warm rays of the sun cause it to rot and give forth foul odors. A little care and attention may save a doctor's bill at least and perhaps save life.

All the merits of the eucalyptus tree have not hitherto been recognized. Reports have recently come from Australia that its leaves are the special abhorrence of all insects which prey upon fruit trees, against whose depredations they furnish a perfect protection if the ground beneath be only strewn with them. If, however, it be desired to make assurance doubly sure, it is only necessary to bind strips of eucalyptus bark around the trunks of the fruit trees. These are the first reports, and experiments now going on in Australia and in South America will soon show whether they are true or not.

Go to the People's Drug & Book store if you want plain, tinted or gilt Wall Paper the finest ever offered in Bloom.

An organized band of safe burglars has been at work during the past week and effected several robberies in the eastern part of the state. The latest exploits of these thieves were in the Lebanon Valley, where they robbed a lumber firm at Hellertown and broke open the Philadelphia & Reading R. R. station at the same place. It is not improbable that the rascals may find their way into this part of the country, and we advise our merchants to exercise more than ordinary watchfulness to prevent losses. The burglars are evidently professionals and do their work in a business-like manner.

Among the students attending the Normal school who reside outside of the county, are Stephen B. and Susie L. Torbert, children of Hon. William L. Torbert, of Girard Manor, Schuylkill county, Clara Y. Cleaver, daughter of J. R. Cleaver, Ashland, Lizzie M. Church, daughter of A. H. Church, Ashland, S. Ida Harkness, daughter of Col. T. C. Harkness, Wilkes Barre, Louisa G. Hutchison, daughter of Charles Hutchison, Kingston, Nellie L. Moffitt, daughter of Hon. P. M. Moffitt Carbondale, Stella Sickler, daughter of Hon. Harvey Sickler, Tunkhannock.

The fashions for men's spring clothing do not indicate any very marked change in the styles of cutting. Trousers are to be a trifle smaller in the leg, and cut straight and small at the bottom. Vests are to be cut high, without collars. Coats are to be buttoned high, and of about the same length as at present. The Prince Albert coat is to have four buttons. Spring overcoats have five buttons in front. Coat collars are to be smaller and rolling. There is, in fact, very little change, and the plates show a variety of styles, so that old clothes, if not seedy, may be worn with impunity, so far as the cut is concerned.

Just received at the People's Drug & Book store, a large assortment of Wall Paper.

There is a habit into which some of our people have fallen, probably without thinking that what they do is a great annoyance to others. We refer to the custom of congregating in stores in the evening, simply for social enjoyment. A call from friends is always a pleasant thing, but a crowd of men sitting around a stove in a store cannot but injure the trade of the proprietor. We know of instances where ladies have stopped at the door and postponed their business, because they did not like to enter a room full of men or boys. The practice is no doubt a thoughtless one, and perhaps this will call attention to the matter and cause some to cease it.

The Auditors' report of the finances of Lycoming county is not at all flattering to the commissioners. After setting out specifically the amounts with which the officers are surcharged, it closes with these words:

Your Auditors feel that they should not close this report without censuring the manner in which the business of the Commissioners' office has been transacted. It has been done in a loose and careless manner; property belonging to the county has been sold and the money pocketed; monies collected appropriated to private use, and only paid over when exposure is made and a prosecution is feared. In short, from the evidence produced before us in the investigation, we think that the charges heretofore made against their official conduct are substantially proven to be correct.

Everybody can be suited in Wall Paper at the People's Drug & Book store.

A Flemish dish which finds great favor as a cold relish with foreign epicures is thus prepared: A cabbage mashed and carefully trimmed is put in a saucepan in cold water, enough to cover it; as it comes gradually to a boil, add four or six apples, peeled, cored and quartered, a small piece of butter, some pepper and salt, all stewed gently till quite tender; strain and add to the liquor a thickening of butter and flour, a teaspoonful of vinegar and one of currant, gooseberry or any jelly not too sweet. Place the cabbage on a flat platter surrounded by the apples and covered with the same sauce. This is not unlike one of the elder Dumas' favorite cabbage preparations, in which cloves, black pepper-corns and lemon-juice took the place of apples. This is recommended as a suitable dish for Lent, and those who are strict in their observance of the season may be interested in knowing of another dish to add to their abbreviated list.

We propose to publish from time to time a list of deeds recorded in the office of the Recorder of this county. It is done not at the request, nor even at the suggestion of Mr. Sterner in order to advertise the business of his office, but simply as a matter of public interest. Everybody is interested in transfers of real estate, and the people of distant townships have the same right to know what changes of property have taken place as the citizens of Bloomsburg, who can examine the records at any time. There is one class of people who will object to the publication of deeds recorded, and they are those who make transfers of property to defraud creditors, and therefore want it done in secrecy. The business of the Recorder's office is public and everybody has a right to know it.

Personal.

Col. J. G. Freeze, E. H. Little Esq., H. E. Smith Esq. and C. W. Miller Esq. are in Philadelphia attending the session of Supreme Court.

Judge Charles E. Rice, Col. G. Murray Reynolds, Collector E. H. Chase, George R. Bedford and Allen H. Dickson Esqs., all of Wilkes Barre, passed through town last Saturday night on their way home from Harrisburg, where they had been banqueting the Governor.

Improvements.

The Grangers are erecting a large storehouse near the Lackawanna depot.

J. W. Eyer is building an addition to his house on Main street.

Mrs. A. Butler is repairing, and making an addition to her property at the head of Market street.

I. S. Kuhn's new house on Centre street is approaching completion.

M. Wynkoop will erect a new building on Main street below Market, on the Thornton and Rupert properties.

J. Wagonseller's new house on North Main street is nearly enclosed.

Inspecting the Routes

The Reading Railroad Company, for a week or two past have had engineers going over the ground between this place and Shamokin taking the bearing and points for a route for the new railroad between the towns named. We understand they rather favor the route by Roaring creek. Latterly they have been taken to Sunbury by Mr. S. Wolverton to investigate what advantages a route by that ancient borough can offer. The difference from Shamokin to Milton by Sunbury would be following the two sides of the triangle, while by Danville the route would follow the hypothenuse. Again, the route by Sunbury would afford no coal market between Shamokin and Milton, while Danville itself would open up a market for hundreds of thousands of tons.—*Danville Intelligencer Feb. 24th.*

A Very Grave Charge.

The community was startled on Thursday afternoon of last week, by the report that the wife of Charles Krug had died very suddenly at the house of Jeremiah Gross in Scott-town. The story proved to be true, and subsequent investigation brought to light some terrible facts.

Certain circumstances connected with Mrs. Krug's death aroused suspicions in the minds of her relatives and at their request a *post mortem* examination of the body was made, by Dr. Gardner and Dr. McKelvy. As a result of this examination Mrs. Gross was arrested on Sunday afternoon charged on the oath of Wellington Yeager, Mrs Krug's brother, with having attempted to produce an abortion which resulted in the death of Mrs. Krug. The accused was committed to jail for a hearing on Monday morning. At that time a further postponement was had until Tuesday next, and Mrs. Gross was held in $1000 bail, in default of which sum she was committed to jail. As may well be imagined the case has caused great excitement, for such a crime as is charged against Mrs. Gross is horrible in the extreme. We refrain from publishing the many floating rumors relative to the affair, because no hearing has been had and of course no facts legally established. The penalty for the crime is a heavy fine and a long term of imprisonment in the penitentiary.

Berwick Notes

The wooden wedding of Mr. & Mrs. M. W. Jackson, was celebrated on Tuesday evening at their house. A large number of friends presented their testimonials of regard, in the shape of presents suitable for the occasion.

The Spring days at the close of February tempted a few brave blue birds and robins from the warm south; several were heard and seen in this vicinity.

Drs. Reagan and Macrea will move their drug store, on the first of April, a few doors nearer Market St., and the "Independent" will occupy the building vacated by them.

F. L. Distlehurst, furniture dealer, has rented Odd Fellows Hall for a wareroom. This would indicate that he has an extensive business.

The lively interest taken in the small-pox cases has waned considerably. There are at present three mild cases in town.

The lecture last Wednesday evening by Maj. Dane on the Rhine and Alps, exceeded the expectations of the audience in interest. We rank him third on our long list of lecturers, Tilton and Burdette being first and second.

The Literary Society holds its meetings in the Library Room of the Y. M. C. A. It boasts a large and intelligent membership and a surplus in the treasury. REP.

Go to the People's Drug & Book store where you can be suited in Wall Paper.

Rooms to Rent.

This play was given at the Opera House last Monday evening, to a fair-sized house. It is called a comedy but is really a four-act farce. As in most pieces of the kind there is little or no plot—only a series of blunders and ludicrous situations following each other in quick succession and serving to keep the interest of the audience to the fall of the curtain. The title indicates the scene of the play—a house in which are rented rooms and these occupied by a queer lot of people with decided predilections for getting into trouble. The mistakes and misunderstandings cause many very amusing scenes and the audience are kept in a continual state of merriment. The company was better than we had expected and the play was presented in good shape. "Rooms to Rent" will not probably be a long-lived play—there is hardly material enough in it to warrant a continued existence. It is one of those ephemeral pieces put upon the stage to laugh over for a season or two, but there is fun enough in it to fill two or three hours quite pleasurably. Without any particular merits the farce is worth seeing and the company give it with plenty of spirit and no small amount of dramatic ability. There are many worse plays and worse troupes now upon the road, and some of the latter with much higher reputations than the "Rooms to Rent" company.

How often persons have been annoyed by burrs clinging to their dress or clothing, and how seldom have they, when cleaning them, given it a thought that Burdock Root is the most valuable blood cleanser and purifier known, and is sold by every druggist under the name of Burdock Blood Bitters. Price $1.00.

Deeds Recorded.

The following deeds have been recorded in the office of the Recorder of Columbia county, since February 14th:

William Webber and wife to Thomas J. Vanderslice (3 deeds) Hemlock.

George Depuy to Sarah K. Hagenbuch, Berwick.

John W. Evans to Ann Holley, Berwick.

Isaac S. Kuhn and wife to Julia Ann Evans, Bloom.

Franklin L. Shuman and wife to Norman Hamlin, Catawissa.

Lloyd T. Conner admr. of Joseph P. Conner to Henry K. Remley, Centre.

Albert Fisher et al. to C. L. McWilliams, Locust.

William Teitsworth adm., et. al. to Isaiah John, Catawissa.

John Ritter and wife to Isaiah John, Catawissa.

J. M. Smith, assignee, to Nelson C. Hartman, Catawissa.

Nelson C. Hartman and wife to Jacob H. Creasy, Catawissa.

J. M. Smith, assignee, to Jacob H. Creasy, Main.

J. M. Smith, assignee, to Jacob H. Creasy, Catawissa.

Greenwood Cemetery Co. to J. H. & W. H. Creasy, Catawissa.

Jacob S. Hess and wife to Shedrick L. Hess, Sugarloaf.

F. L. Shuman and wife to Charles A. Shuman, Beaver.

Joseph H. Shuman and wife to Charles A. Shuman, Beaver.

Edward McHenry and wife to Jacob Farver, Fishing Creek.

Jacob Farver Sr. to George Farver, Fishing Creek.

Paul Kikendall and wife to George Depuy, Berwick.

Buckhorn Notes.

Mr. John Appelman has been in Pottsville for the last week.

Mr. Frank Waters is at present clerking for Vanliew. It is evident that Frank did not miss his calling, for he is master of the situation.

Mr. John Pursel leaves to-day for Colorado.

John Hartman Esq. is visiting his sons at Nanticoke.

Mr. William Bomboy and family have moved to Danville.

Messrs. Geo. Dent and John Laubach are working at Red-point.

Saturday was the occasion of the seventy-fourth birthday of Mrs. John Miller and in the afternoon her children, grand children, neighbors and friends to the number of fifty-four surprised her with a bill of fare consisting of turkey &c.

On Saturday the 25th ult. Mr. Robert Russel the oldest man in this vicinity departed this life aged 88 yrs. 8 mo. 23 days. Mr. Russel was born in New Jersey, was of Irish descent and moved to this township about sixty-five years ago where he resided until his death. Besides a number of grand children and relatives, he leaves two children to mourn his loss, George Russel and Mrs. Reuben Folk of Turbottsville. He was for many years a member of the Episcopal Church of Bloomsburg and his life was that of a consistent Christian. The funeral took place on Monday, and the vast gathering of people testified how they appreciated his sterling worth. The services were conducted by Rev. Messrs. Zaner and Sharetts. The burial was in the cemetery, Bloomsburg.

[Kalamazoo, (Mich.) Daily Gazette.

It is an unprecedented success said Mr. Chas. S. D'Arcambal, the well-known Burdick House druggist, when asked for his views in regard to the St. Jacobs Oil; it is highly extolled, and is giving general satisfaction.

From Centralia.

We have been informed that Mr. D. F. Curry intends building a hall in the Spring.

Mr. James Barret and Miss Annie Dalton were married last week, at the Catholic Church, by Rev. E. T. Field. We extend our congratulations.

Mr. Thsodore Reilly boasts of having the fastest horse in town. How is it Davy?

Miss Jane Wright, of Shamokin is visiting friends in town.

Mr. Lewis A. Reilly, of Ashland, has purchased the property, owned by. J M. Freck who intends moving his family to Arizona, where he has an interest in a silver mine.

Mrs. Alexander Morgan of Douglassville, Berks Co. is in town visiting friends.

Mr. John Peiffer who has been West for several years, has returned.

The Locust Mountain Water Company are about making a large reservoir, north of the Little Mountain, from which they will supply our town and Mt. Carmel and their collieries in this vicinity.

Persons having money to spare can make a profitable investment, by erecting tenement houses, as there is great demand for them.

We would advise the parents of those boys who congregate at the old school house, Railroad Street, at night, using profane language and insulting ladies as they pass, to look after them, as they will certainly get into trouble if they do not desist.

Mr. Joseph H. Daws who recently visited Japan and has made several trips to California, and also crossed the Atlantic Ocean several times, is about starting for New Mexico, where he intends prospecting.

Mr. Warren J. Buckalew and wife of Bloomsburg, paid us a visit this week.

New Township Officers.

The following is a list of township officers elected on the 21st of February:

BEAVER:—Constable, C. A. Shuman; Supervisors, G. W. Longenberger and Conrad Deitz; Poor Overseer, Daniel Singley; School Directors, C. E. Benninger and J. T. Fox; Assessor, C. A. Haines; Asst. Assessors, Jesse Rittenhouse and Moses Schlicher; Judge of Election, Isaac Klingerman; Inspectors of Election, W. A. Driesbach and David Fink; Auditor, Allen Mann.

BENTON:—Justice of the Peace, Charles Gibbons; Constable, B. G. Kase; Supervisors, R. J. Davis, Samuel Appleman; Poor Overseers, W. L. Cole 2 years, Hiram Ash 1 year; School Directors, G. W. Keeler, C. L. Davis, J. C. Tubbs; Assessor, Charles A. Kase; Asst. Assessors, Rohr M. McHenry, H. J. Stine; Judge of Election, Geo. W. Knouse; Inspectors, W. J. Kline, D. H. Karns; Auditor, A. R. Stine.

BRIARCREEK:—Justice of the Peace, R. G. F. Kshinkey; Constable, A. B. Croop; Supervisors, G. M. Bower, Lahmon Martz; Poor Overseers, R. H. Sitler, 1 year, M. H. Petty, 2 years; School Directors, D. W. Martz, E. D. Adams; Assessor, H. M. Evans; Asst. Assessors, William Lamon, S. E. Smith; Judge of Election, S. E. Moyer; Inspectors, Geo. W. Mutter, J. B. Martz; Auditor, Charles Reed; Town Clerk, L. J. Adams.

CENTRALIA:—Chief Burgess, James Collihan; Town Council, O. B. Millard, James Dyke, Geo. W. Davis Jr., John Killeen, James Daily, Pat. McBrearty; High Constable, Samuel Smith; School Directors, Ed. Williams Jr., Michael Barret; Judge of Election, David Walsh; Inspectors, R. P. Benson, Pat. Curran; Assessor, C. G. Murphy; Asst. Assessors, John G. Hanley, Abram Kreisher; Auditor, James P. Reilly.

CONYNGHAM:—Justice of the Peace, William Goodman; Constable, Wm. Henebech; Supervisors, Roger Dixon, Patrick McDermott; Poor Director, John Monroe; School Directors, Patrick McDonald, Patrick Brennan and Edward Hughes (tie); Assessor, Chas. Weiderman; Judge of Election, north, Patrick Flynn, south, David Daws, Asst. Assessors, Chas Weisincker, James Monaghan; Inspectors, Patrick Cain, John Fanole, north, Wm. Roudenbush, Michael Wynne, south, Auditor, Thomas Casey; Town Clerk, John P. Hannon.

CATAWISSA:—Justice of the Peace, B. P. Fortner; Constable, Adam Mensch; Supervisors, Wm. Sharpless, Daniel Gensil; Overseers of the Poor, J. H. Geary, 2 years, Jesse Mensch, 1 year, School Directors, Nelson Hartman, J. B. Yetter; Assessor, Lewis Hayhurst; Asst. Assessors, Wm. Hartman, E. M. Tewksbury; Judge of Election, M. V. B. Kline; Inspectors, G. E. Myers, Reuben Shuman; Auditor, Wm. Eyer.

CENTRE:—Constable, J. J. Hess; Supervisors, Fred Hagenbuch, Wm. Shaffer; Poor Overseers, Lafayette Creasy, 2 years, E. L. Kelchner, 1 year; School Directors, Ellis Ringrose, Daniel Whitmire; Assessor, Hiram Whitmire; Asst. Assessor, Ed. Hartman, J. E. Aikman; Judge of Election, Jesse Hoffman; Inspectors, F. H. Hagenbuch, W. H. Stahl; Auditor, Elias Creasy.

FISHING CREEK:—Constable, E. L. Lemon; Supervisors, Aaron Bender, John Drescher; Poor Overseers, P. J. Weaver, 2 years, J. D. McHenry, 1 year; School Directors, M. A. Ammerman, Elias Wenner; Assessor, L. M. Creveling; Asst. Assessors, Silas McHenry, John Wenner; Judge of Election, E. P. Bender; Inspectors, N. J. Robbins, Amos Drescher; Auditors, Eli Pealer, N. W. Hess, 3 years; Town Clerk, M. W. McHenry; Treasurer, David Yost.

FRANKLIN:—Justices of the Peace, D. A. Munson, Jacob Knittle; Constable, David Reeder; Supervisors, Wm. George, Wm. Stoker; Poor Overseers, Phil. Manhart, 2 years, Wm G. Fisher, 1 year; School Directors, Geo. Hartman, F. J. Reeder, Jer. Kostenbauder, (tie); Assessor, David Reeder; Asst. Assessors, D. A. Munson, Wash. Parr; Judge of Election, Wash. Parr; Inspectors, Benjamin Sheets, Wash Fenstermaker; Auditor, Wm. Baumeister.

GREENWOOD:—Justice of the Peace, W. F. Hess; Constable, E. M. Kisner; Supervisors, Elisha Hayman, W. E. Patterson; School Directors, R. L. Rich, James Everett; Assessor, Wesley Morris; Asst. Assessors, A. P. Heller, Virgil Robbins; Judge of Election, John Eyer; Inspectors, Wm. Dewitt, C. R. Henrie; Auditors, Adam Utt.

HEMLOCK:—Constable, W. F. Foust; Supervisors, Wm. Girton, Reuben H. Guild; Poor Overseers, Eli Ohl, 2 years, I. G. Pursel, 1 year; School Directors, Thomas Laus, Jacob Beecher; Assessor, Wm. P. Leidy, Asst. Assessors, Wm. A. Miller, H. D. McBride; Judge of Election, E. J. Ohl; Inspectors, Jacob Harris, Alfred Henrie; Auditor, John Appelman.

JACKSON:—Justices of the Peace, John F. Derr, Asa Yorks; Constable, Calvin Derr; Supervisors, N. D. Kile, F. L. Hess; Poor Overseers, Wm. P. Robbins, 2 years, Wm. Parks, 1 year; School Directors, Jeff Fritz, Frank Travelpiece; Assessor, B. F. Fritz; Asst. Assessors, Aug. Everhart, Ezekiel Fritz; Judge of Election, H. H. Hirleman; Inspectors, Jeff. Fritz, Samuel Knouse; Auditor, Geo. Farver; Town Clerk, F. M. Parker.

LOCUST:—Justice of the Peace, Peter Swank; Constable, A. S. Knittle; Supervisors, Chas. Billig, Sol. Strausser; Poor Overseers, Chris. Small, 2 years, Chas. Beaver, 1 year; School Directors, Simon Helwig, Obadiah Yocum; Assessor, Clinton S. Hower; Asst. Assessors, H. H. Gable, Wm. H. Rhoads; Judge of Election, J. J. Campbell; Inspectors, Peter Fetterman, Isaac C. Johnson; Auditor, John C. Walter.

MADISON:—Justices of the Peace, N. Welliver, J. W. Smith; Constable, D. N. Williams; Supervisors, S. S. Lowry, Geo. Beagle; Poor Director, Conrad Kreamer; School Directors, Jas. Johnson, Wm. Gingles; Assessor, J. M. Smith; Asst. Assessors, John C. Shultz, M. E. Masters; Judge of Election, Aug. Hartline; Inspectors, M. D. Welliver, R. M. Johnson; Auditor, Wm. J. Allen.

MAIN:—Constable, Isaac Yetter; Supervisors, J. F. Bowman, Joseph Hartzel; Poor Overseers, J. C. Shuman, 1 year, Sol. Deimer, 2 years; School Directors, J. C. Shuman, W. T. Shuman; Assessor, J. W. Kelchner; Asst. Assessors, Dan. Miller, J. B. Nuss; Judge of Election, Nathan Miller; Inspectors, Geo. Fisher, D. B. Federolf; Auditor, John W. Shuman.

MIFFLIN:—Justices of the Peace, Samuel Snyder, J. H. Hetler; Constable, S. H. Wolf; Supervisors, John Yohe, Phineas Smith; Poor Overseers, Aaron W. Hess, 1 year, Isaac Andrews, 2 years; School Directors, Samuel Nuss, Chas. A. Harman; Assessor, A. W. Hess; Asst. Assessors, Obadiah Swank, R. W. Smith; Judge of Election, M. V. B. Keller; Inspectors, J. C. Nuss, A. M. Bidleman; Auditor, C. W. Hess; Town Committee, J. N. Peifer, 3 years, A. C. Millard and Stephen Smoyer, each 2 years.

MONTOUR:—Constable P. S. Karshner; Supervisors, Samuel Gigger, Michael Rauch; Poor Overseers, Clint. Crawford, 2 years, Phil. Foust, 1 year; School Directors, Henry S. Reay, David Mauser, 3 years, and John S. Mensch, 2 years; Assessor, David Mauser; Asst. Assessors, Isaiah Roberts, Samuel Giger; Judge of Election, I. Mowrey; Inspectors, Alfred Irvin, John Rodarmel; Auditor, W. M. Monroe.

MOUNT PLEASANT:—Constable, David Stroup; Supervisors, Phil. Creasy, G. W. Ruckel; Poor Overseers, Peter Hippensteel, 1 year, Mathias Shaffer, 2 years; School Directors, John Hippensteel, M. Ruckel; Assessor, Jos. Ikeler; Asst. Assessors, Hiram Crouse, Samuel Hartzel; Judge of Election, Wm. E. Johnson. Inspectors, John Hippensteel, Hiram Bogart; Auditor, J. P. Sands.

ORANGE:—Constable, M. C. Keller; Supervisors, E. B. Johnson, H. C. Conner; Poor Overseers, Geo. S. Fleckenstine, 2 years, Wm. Delong, 1 year; School Directors, A. W. C. Keller, Charles Jones; Assessor, M. B. Patterson; Asst. Assessors, J. B. Harman, M. C. Vance; Judge of Election, David Herring; Inspectors, J. A. Kline, H. E. Bowman; Auditor, C. B. White; Town Clerk, A. H. Masteller.

PINE:—Constable, James Dreibelbis; Supervisors, Harvey Lunger, I. A. Chemberlain; Poor Overseers, John Bruner, 2 years, Jacob Long, 1 year; School Directors, R. F. Whitmoyer, Ezra Eves; Assessor, A. E. Girton; Asst. Assesors, P. W. Sones, Jos. Shoemaker; Judges of Election, W. A. Hunter; Inspectors, John V. Welliver, Ira C. Saunders; Auditor, Abrm Bennett.

ROARING CREEK:—Justice of the Peace, J. C. Myers; Constable James Knittle; Supervisors, Jos. Levan, Geo. Craig; Poor Overseers, A. Whitner, Wm. Zaner, (tie); School Directors, Jos. Craig, John M. Manhart; Assessor, Jere Kunkle; Asst. Assessors, Henry Hoffman, Wm. Yeager; Judge of Election, Francis Richard; Inspectors, F. Driesbach, Jacob Hoffman; Auditor, O. W. Cherrington.

SUGARLOAF:—Constable, Newton Herrington; Supervisors, J. W. Kile, John Getz; School Directors, J. N. Pennington, J. A. Kline; Assessor, Daniel Fritz; Asst. Assessors, Jesse Fritz, J. B. Davis; Judge of Election, A. R. Fritz; Inspectors, J. G. Laubach, H. A. Peterman; Auditor, Joshua Fritz.

SCOTT:—Constable, H. N. White; Supervisors, David Geisinger, Frank Jacobs; School Directors, Stephen Pettit, Samuel McKamey; Auditor, Robert Howell; Assessor, O. B. Case; Asst. Assessors, Geo. W. Kelchner, Reece Fairman; Judge of Election, Daniel Snyder, east, Jos. R. Robbins, west; Inspectors, T. W. Hartman, Peter Jacoby, east, John Wardin, C. C. Trench west.

The Berwick officers were given last week.

The Public Schools.

The following is a brief statistical report of the public schools of Bloomsburg, furnished by Mr. W. H. Snyder, Principal:

THIRD ST. BUILDING.

Room No. 1. Whole No. in attendance during month, 63; Average number in attendance during month, 58; Per cent of attendance during month, 92; Neither tardy nor absent during month, 23.

Room No. 2. Whole number in attendance during month, 64; Average number in attendance during month, 61; Per cent of attendance during month, 97; Neither tardy nor absent during month, 39.

Room No. 3. Whole No. in attendance during month, 76; Average number in attendance during month, 69; Per cent of No. in attendance during month, 89; Neither tardy nor absent, 25.

Room No. 4. Whole number in attendance during month, 97; Average number in attendance during month, 79; Per cent of attendance during month, 81; Neither tardy nor absent 12.

FIFTH ST. BUILDING.

Room No. 1. Whole number in attendance during month, 29; Average number in attendance during month, 27; Per cent of attendance during month, 97; Neither tardy nor absent, 12.

Room No. 2. Whole number in attendance during month, 42; Average number in attendance during month, 34; Per cent of attendance during month, 82; Neither tardy nor absent, 3.

Room No. 3. Whole number in attendance during month, 70; Average number in attendance during month, 60; Per cent of attendance during month, 84; Neither tardy nor absent, 13.

Room No. 4. Whole number in attendance during month 87; Average number in attendance during month, 73; Per cent of attendance during month, 86; Neither tardy nor absent, 17.

WELSH HILL.

Whole number in attendance during month, 54; Average number in attendance during month, 44; Per cent of attendance during month, 85; Neither tardy nor absent during month 6.

RECAPITULATION.

Whole number in attendance during month, 582; Average number in attendance during month, 505; Per cent of attendance during month, 88; Neither tardy nor absent during month 150.

AFTER EIGHT LONG YEARS.

C. C. Jacobs, 78 Folson Street, Buffalo, writes that for eight long years he had tried every known remedy to cure him of piles, also had been treated by physicians without success, when he was ultimately cured by Thomas' Eclectric Oil.

There is a shameful abuse that attention needs to be called to. It is that of laying the burden of funeral services upon ministers with scarcely a thank you, and never a compensation. To do such service for a member of his own church, or under certain circumstances for a member of another church—for a person who is interested in church work, and gives of their means for the advancement of the church's interest, there is no minister but would deem it nothing but simple right, without thought of compensation. But even then there would be nothing but a touch of righteousness in granting the minister compensation for service rendered. But the abuse comes in on the part of the people who never scarcely attend any church; who never give anything for the advancement of Christianity or, if anything, a stinted little. When death comes to their families they want a minister. They send for him, and take hours of his valuable time. Sometimes he has to hire a conveyance; sometimes pay for the care of that conveyance and for his own entertainment. But for that service there is never a penny that in his pocket chinks gratitude against its fellows. The undertaker is paid; the grave digger is paid; the liveryman is paid; the doctor is paid; everybody is paid, and in full value, but the minister. And yet he renders the most costly service. The thought that he serves them with has cost him years of time and hundreds of dollars. He has a greater capital in trade than the undertaker. He gives as much time to this special service as the undertaker. But then "he is only a minister; let him wait for his pay until he gets to heaven." But there is one great difficulty in that waiting. The man who is mean enough to take such service from a minister without compensation, is too mean to ever reach heaven; and so even in that blissful land of gold, there is no compensation for doing a service for a family, too mean to pay the minister. We protest earnestly against any one not a member of a minister's church, or a supporter of it, taking the service of a minister at funerals without giving him an adequate pay. The person who does take such service without paying for it, is simply mean, very mean indeed; mean enough to corrupt a graveyard.—*Ex*

If the lady who reads this card when in want of Spool Cotton will ask for the

"O. N. T."

she will obtain the very best thread made. Ask for Clark's "O. N. T." Cotton and see that you get it.

For sale by all leading dealers.

feb 3 6-m

On Thirty Days Trial.

We will send Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and other Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to young men and older persons who are afflicted with nervous debility, lost vitality, etc., guaranteeing speedy relief and complete restoration of vigor and manhood. Also for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Liver and Kidney difficulties, Ruptures and many other diseases. Illustrated pamphlet sent free. Address Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Michigan.

Oct. 28, '81-1y

The Milton *Argus* states that Mr. George Scoville, Guiteau's lawyer, will deliver a lecture on "Modern Politics" in that town, some time in May. Curiosity to see the assassin's defender will doubtless draw a large audience, whatever the merits of the lecture may be.

The great superiority of DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP over all other cough remedies is attested by the immense popular demand for that old established remedy.

DR BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

For the Cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption and for the relief of consumptive persons in advanced stages of the Disease. For Sale by all Druggists.—Price, 25 cents.

Nov. 4, '81-6m

Business Notices

The largest and greatest variety of corsets, prices from 35cts. to $2.00 and sizes from 16 to 36 at Clark & Son's.

Moorhead & Harter have purchased the store, late of H. W. Aul, at the Espy station and have enlarged the stock. They have raised the prices on railroad ties, and will pay the highest figures either in trade or cash. They also keep on hand a stock of salt, fish, fertilizers and land plaster which they offer for sale at very low prices. Red Ash Avondale coal constantly on hand.
march 3, 2w.

Ladies' muslin underwear at Clark & Son's.

An invaluable strengthener for the nerves, muscles, and digestive organs, producing strength and appetite, is Brown's Iron Bitters.

New Dress goods at Clark & Son's.

The only place in town that you can get Brays patent La Reine corsets is at Lutz & Sloan's. They have all sizes from 18 to 30.

New dress buttons, the latest styles from 5c to $2.00 per dozen, at Clark & Son's.

You can buy the best ready made shirt for $1.00 at I. W. Hartman's.

We have now in store a large line of new dress ornaments, passamenteries and silk fringes and a large line of new lace collars at Clark & Son's.

Lutz & Sloan have new white goods, muslins and embroideries.

Latest styles of Gents' linen collars and cuffs just received at Clark & Son's.

ANNOYANCE AVOIDED.

Grey hairs are honorable but their premature appearance is annoying. Parker's Hair Balsam prevents the annoyance by promptly restoring the youthful color.

Buy the Ball corset at Clark & Son's.

You can find the handsomest line of gingham dress goods at I. W. Hartman's.

The best 3 button Kid glove for $1.00 at Clark & Son's.

A new stock of dress ginghams and seersuckers at Lutz & Sloan's.

New Watered silks at Clark & Son's.

You can find the cheapest dishes at I. W. Hartman's.

New prints at Clark & Son's.

16 loaves for 1.00.
Bread is sold here cheaper than any town in the State, at J. F. Caldwell's.

You can find the freshest groceries at I. W. Hartman's.

Black and Colored silks at Clark & Son's.

SOCIETY BELLES.

On account of its remarkably delicate and lasting fragrance society belles are loud in their praises of Floreston Cologne.

You can find the nicest lot of Easter cards at I. W. Hartman's.

For cheap muslins go to Clark & Son's.

L. T. Sharpless will positively close out his entire stock before the middle of March to quit the business. Call early if you want to secure the best bargains.

You can see the greatest variety of goods at I. W. Hartman's.

Great Bargains are to be had at C. W. Low's store at Orangeville Pa., as he is selling out his entire stock of goods at cost, as he has rented his store to Lilley & Sleppy and gives them possession the first of April. feb 17- tf

Pianos, organs, and all wood musical instruments, cleaned, tuned, and repaired. New hairs put on bows. T. Metherell, Bloomsburg.

Bon Ton Corsets at Clark & Son's.

ONLY TWO BOTTLES.

Messrs. Johnson, Holloway & Co., wholesale druggists of Philadelphia, Pa., report that some time ago a gentleman handed them a dollar with a request to send a good catarrh cure to two army officers in Arizona. Recently the same gentleman told them that both the officers and the wife of Gen. John C. Fremont, Gov. of Arizona, had been cured of catarrh by two bottles of Ely's Cream Balm.

Messrs. Ely Bros., Druggists, Oswego, N. Y.—A few days ago I saw a lady who had used your Cream Balm for Catarrh, and had found more relief from one bottle than from all other remedies she had tried. I enclose $1 for two bottles. Yours respectfully, James Hitchen, M. D. Providence, R. I.
Price 50 cents.

New ruchings and collars, Mother Hubbard and shirred at Clark & Son's.

Want Prime Cloverseed and 500 bushels of Potatoes at Silas Young's, Light Street.
Feb. 24 4-w

Dr. Frazier's Root Bitters.

Frazier's Root Bitters are not a dram-shop whiskey beverage, but are strictly medicinal in every sense. They act strongly upon the liver and kidneys, keep the bowels open and regular, make the weak strong, heal the lungs, build up the nerves and cleanse the blood and system of every impurity.

For dizziness, rush of blood to the head, tending to apoplexy, dyspepsia, fever and ague, dropsy, pimples and blotches, scrofulous humors and sores, tetter, ring worm, white swelling, erysipelas, sore eyes and for young men suffering from weakness or debility caused from imprudence, and to females in delicate health, Frazier's Root Bitters are especially recommended.

Dr. Frazier: I have used two bottles of Root Bitters for dyspepsia, dizziness weakness, and kidney disease, and they did me more good than the doctors, and all the medicine I ever used. From the first dose I took I began to mend, and I am now in perfect health, and feel as well as I ever did. I consider your medicine one of the greatest of blessings.

MRS. M. MARTIN, Cleveland, O.

Sold by all druggists everywhere at $1 per bottle.

HENRY & CO., sole Prop'rs
62 Vesey St. New York.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

A Sure Cure Found at Last!
No One Need Suffer!

A sure cure for blind, bleeding, itching and ulcerated piles has been discovered by Dr. William, (an Indian remedy,) called Dr. William's Indian Ointment. A single box has cured the worst chronic cases of 25 or 30 years standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying this wonderful soothing medicine. Lotions instruments and electuaries do more harm than good. William's Ointment absorbs the tumors, allays the intense itching, (particularly at night after getting warm in bed,) acts as a poultice, gives instant and painless relief, and is prepared only for piles &c., and for nothing else.

Read what Hon. J. M. Coffinberry of Cleveland says about Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment: I have used scores of pile cures, and it affords me pleasure to say that I have never found anything which gave me such immediate and permanent relief as Dr. William's Indian Ointment.

For sale by all druggists or mailed on receipt of price, $1.00.

HENRY & CO., Prop'rs.
62 Vesey St., New York.

SKIN DISEASES CURED

By Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment. Cures as if by magic, pimples, black heads or grubs, blotches and eruptions on the face, leaving the skin clear, healthy and beautiful. Also cures itch, barber's itch, salt rheum, tetter, ringworm, scald head, chapped hands, sore nipples, sore lips, old obstinate ulcers and sores, &c.

SKIN DISEASE.

F. Drake, Esq., Cleveland, O., suffered beyond all description from a skin disease which appeared on his hands, head and face, and nearly destroyed his eyes. The most careful doctoring failed to help him, and after all had failed he used Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment and was cured by a few applications.

The first and only positive cure for skin diseases ever discovered.

Sent by mail on receipt of price. 50 cents.
HENRY & CO., Sole Prop'rs,
62 VESEY ST., NEW YORK.

For blind, bleeding, itching or ulcerated piles DR. WILLIAM'S INDIAN PILE OINTMENT is a sure cure. Price $1.00 by mail. For sale by all Druggists.

HENDERSHOTT'S HARNESS

A good, reliable pocket knife is what every gentleman should possess. We have about 75 patterns, ranging in price from 10 cents to $2.50 each.

There are some things it pays to buy only the best. The celebrated combination Razor Strop and Hone which we offer is the article; price 50 cts. It can not be excelled.

I am but a stranger here! Jersey is my home. While I stay I shall use Warren's Evaporated Vegetables. 25 ct. package makes 12 quarts of delicious soup.

PINK EYE DISTEMPER.—This fatal disease of Horses may be prevented and cured by the free use of Hendershott's German Cattle Powder; it cleanses the system; enriches the blood and puts your horse in a healthy condition. Large package, 25 cts. or 5 for $1.00.

Well, it's mighty hard to cough and strain so dreadfully! I really do believe I shall cough up my boots, if I don't get relief! — Why be so distressed, when Dr. Von Zotta's Homeopathic Pectoral will cure you and restore you to health and happiness. 25 cent and $1.00 bottles.

Now is your chance, and our store is the place to purchase anything and everything in the line of drugs, medicines or druggists sundries. Reasonable prices and good goods are our arguments, and in asking for your trade, we promise to make every assertion good, to misrepresent nothing and give you full value for your dollar, each and every time.

C. C. GALIGNAN,

DEALER IN

STOVES,

HEATERS,

and RANGES.

FIRE PLACE HEATERS;

LOW DOWN GRATES,

CELLAR FURNACES, &c.

A Full Stock Always Kept on Hand.

TIN, and SHEET IRON WORK:

I defy competition in this line, as far as good work is concerned. No matter how difficult the job is bring it to me, and I will do it or ask no pay.

PLUMBING.

Parties wanting work done in this branch, will do well to call and see me before going elsewhere. I do not hire any but first class plumbers to do my work.

STEAM FITTING.

I am now ready to make estimates and take contracts for heating private houses and public buildings by steam or hot water.

GAS FIXTURES.

There is always a full line of this class of goods to be found in my store. Any that I have not on hand I can furnish at shortest notice, as low as city prices.

ROOFING.

I am always ready to do a good job of roofing at a fair price.

Satisfaction guaranteed or no pay.

OPERA HOUSE,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

GREGORY'S SEED CATALOGUE

Thirty-Six Varieties of Cabbage; 26 of Corn; 28 of Cucumber; 41 of Melon; 33 of Peas; 28 of Beans; 17 of Squash; 23 of Beet and 40 of Tomato, with other varieties in proportion, a large portion of which were grown on my five seed farms, will be found in my **Vegetable and Flower Seed Catalogue for 1882.** Sent FREE to all who apply. Customers of last Season need not write for it. All Seed sold from my establishment warranted to be both fresh and true to name, so far, that should it prove otherwise, I will refill the order gratis. The **original introducer of Early Ohio and Burbank Potatoes, Marblehead Early Corn,** the **Hubbard Squash, Marblehead Cabbage, Phinney's Melon,** and a score of other new Vegetables, I invite the patronage of the public. New Vegetables a Specialty.

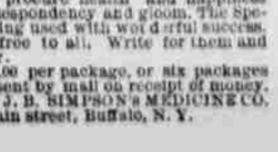
James J. H. Gregory Marblehead, Mass.

feb 17 1-m ald

To Nervous Sufferers—The Great European Remedy.

DR. J. B. SIMPSON'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

Dr. J. B. Simpson's Specific Medicine is a positive cure for overwork of body or brain or excess of any kind, such as weakness and all diseases resulting from Nervous Debility, Irritability, Mental Anxiety, Languor, Lassitude, Depression of Spirits and functional derangements of the nervous system generally, Pains in the Back or Side, Loss of Memory, Premature old age and diseases that lead to consumption, insanity & an early grave or both. No matter how shattered the system may be from excesses of any



kind, a short course of this medicine will restore the lost functions and procure health and happiness where before was despondency and gloom. The Specific Medicine is being used with wonderful success. Pamphlets sent free to all. Write for them and get full particulars.

Price, Specific $1.00 per package, or six packages for $5.00. Will be sent by mail on receipt of money. Address all orders, J. B. SIMPSON'S MEDICINE CO. Nos. 104 and 106 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y.

feb 24 82-1y

The Farming We Need.

A correspondent of the Germantown *Telegraph* says: The time has come when nothing but high farming will pay in this section of the country, since the cheap and fertile lands of the West are brought into such close and sharp competition cheap freights and rapid transit. Old habits which are not now paying much to be abandoned, and newer and better paying ones adopted Every acre of tillable land must be made to yield its treasure with the least possible expense. When one hundred bushels of corn per acre can be produced, we must now be satisfied with fifty bushels. If a new implement can do the work of two men with an old one, the old one should be laid away and the new one used. If there is not manure enough to go all over the common ground, we must buy some well-tried fertilizer that will increase the product. It is all folly to continue to farm poor land when it is possible to enrich it. The expense of farming poor land is far greater than that attending richer land is and the labor more discouraging. There must be more general attention given to dairy products, the cultivation of small fruits and raising of poultry. The old system of pasturage will have to give way before the onward march of soiling and the nonfencing system. The road master, with his gang of full hands and half grown boys, must yield to the new road scraper and smoother. To which we may add that the time has arrived, even in our neighboring counties, where more systematic method and higher farming are expedient in order to produce satisfactory results. On our best bottom land the old corn and hay and clover methods may yet satisfy the farmer, but even he could experience benefit by heeding the admonitions of the above extract.

To Get Good Butter in Winter.

The *American Cultivator* says one great cause of poor butter in the winter time is that the hay is not properly made in June. It is essential to preserve the aromatic oils grass possesses, and this must be done by cutting grass before it has stood too long, and not leaving it exposed to the hot sun afterwards.

No substitute has yet been discovered for the aromatic oils. Once lost to the hay they are gone forever. Hence, greater effort should be made by every dairyman to secure his hay in a condition favorable to the preservation of the valuable element. With such hay, fed in combination with the orange carrots, and with pumpkins, with a couple of quarts of Indian meal daily, little need would be found for artificial coloring or little complaint experienced from tasteless butter. Linseed meal gives color to butter, though its flavor in this connection is unpleasant. Cotton-seed meal does not give so fine a grain to butter as Indian meal; neither does it equal the latter in flavor produced. Attractive packages of fresh butter in winter as well as during other seasons of the year, are daily coming more in demand in city markets, and by a class of people who are willing to pay an extra price for such products. Especially to the New England and New York dairymen this is a matter of importance, since it is likely to be the most remunerative branch of dairying, and the only one beyond the reach of Western competition. Smaller farmers, not too far removed from city or village markets, will find in the production of fine, fresh, well-flavored butter, a field in which they can compete successfully with the larger dairies and still more pretentious creameries.

One of the best dairymen in Vermont says: "I have come to the conclusion, after seven years' experience in the feeding of meal every day to such of my cows as were giving milk, that in future I would feed more meal instead of less. I believe that when the cows have been properly selected, and are of a breed that are reliable as to butter qualities, it amounts to a certainty that all who feed them above what is required to sustain their bodies will be returned to us in butter, with a large profit on the investment. At the same time care should be exercised not to over-feed. Gilt-edge butter cannot be made from cows thin in flesh or poorly fed."

Those feeding bran should not lose sight of the fact that wheat ground by the "new process" converts the best part of the bran into flour, and what is left is of but little value as cattle food.

The First Calf.

It is oftener the case when a heifer has her first calf, says the *Indiana Farmer*, that the farmer thinks she will not give more milk than will keep her calf in good condition and lets them run together to teach her the mystery of being milked when she has her next calf. In this decision there are two mistakes that go far to spoil the cow for future usefulness. Cows are largely the creatures of habit, and with their first calf everything is new and strange to them, and they readily submit to being milked, and think it is all right, but suffer them to run with the calf the first season and a vicious habit is established that they will hardly forget in a lifetime. If they ever submit to be milked quietly, it is evidently under protest. But there is a greater objection than this. The calf running with the cow draws the milk every hour or two, so that the milk vessels are at no time distended with milk, though the quantity secreted in a given time may be large. But that is the natural time to distend the milk ducts and expand the udder to a good capacity for holding milk. When, with her next calf, you require the milk to be retained twelve hours the udder becomes hard and painful and the milk leaks from the teats, or, more likely, nature accommodates the quantity of the milk secreted to the capacity to retain it, and the cow becomes permanently a small milker. Much of the future character of a cow therefore depends on her treatment with her first calf.

A Mexican General's Bride.

When the French sought to establish a monarchy in Mexico, a Mazatlan youth raised a regiment of boys and waged against such of the invaders as appeared in Sinola a warfare that told. The young man's father was of Castilian blood and his mother was a Mexican. His name, Corona, soon became famous, and at the age of 25 he was regarded as the Mosby of Mexico. At the end of the war he was a Major General, the hero of the soldiers and the idol of Mazatlan society. He was six feet tall, broad shouldered, handsome and daring. While attending a ball at the American hotel, in Mazatlan, he stumbled over a domestic, knocking a tray from her hand. Stooping to pick up the crockery, General Corona noticed that the girl was very pretty and very saucy. She told him that her name was Betty Bowman, that her mother was a San Francisco washerwowan, and that he ought to know better than to rush headlong down a dark stairway. Corona made love to the American Miss, and before leaving for the capital he had learned of her irreproachable though humble life. Once away, Betty's face and pert ways haunted him so much that he wrote to her arranging for marriage by proxy. He remained in Mazatlan; the bride went to a convent school. They were a thousand miles ayart and wrote to each other daily, the husband constantly instructing the wife in polite ways. President Juarez, fearing that Corona's popularity would lead the people to give their vote to the young soldier at an election then approaching, concluded to send him as Minister to Madrid, the most enviable diplomatic position in the eyes of all Mexicans. General Corona took the washerwoman's daughter to his palace in Madrid and she now is regarded as the most brilliant and accomplished lady at the court of Spain.

The Old Attic.

Old country houses have some strange nooks, dark, dingy garrets, given over to the rats, festooned with cobwebs, hung with garments that have had their day, peopled with spectres of dead generations. How many times has a sensitive child climbed the old stairway and sitting down amid the ruins of by-gone days, dreamed and dreamed wide awake, until the dusty spaces seemed to be filled with his ancestors! What a royal play-room it makes when the grandchildren come back to the old homestead! What romances would be told, if these antique appointments had a voice! Yonder in the corner is an old horsehair trunk, ornamented with brass nails once bright, but now green with age.

It is open, and a young granddaughter hardly sixteen is bending over it in rapt interest. It contains the love letters of her maternal grandmother. The paper is coarse and yellow, bright with its red sealing wax, the hand large, as if set for a child's copy. The phraseology is quaint and unique, but the love breathing through its words is the same quaint old story that Abelard sung to Heloise. What pictures of courtship in other days, the hard life the meagre opportunities, the precise, formal expressions. What a contrast to the free and easy relations of the past century. Some of these letters are worthy of transcribing, and some of them tinge the cheek of the fair reader, as her own heart throbs with the grand passion. Life was stern and exacting then, but the best of this age had its birth in those years.

In that dark corner is the spinning wheel. The hands have long since faded into dust that spun the flax. The foot that drove the wheel has halted; the web of the dear old grandmother's life has finished long ago; the wool was often pain. What a change in fabric and apparel since those days? How meager and economical was a lady's wardrobe then, homespun and sometimes calico, but no such equipment as even the wife of the day laborer expects now did our grandmothers have.

There by the window is the old clock of polished cherry, with corner ornaments of mahogany. The face told the day of the week, month and year, as the pendulum moved back and forth.

A bright red boat rode on a very blue sea. How solemn and profound was the tick, tock, tack! Longfellow has given it voice in his "Forever—Never." It was made in London in '56, and now, silent, it is the monument of dead generation. Those brass andirons and double deckers. What fires have blazed behind them in the huge chimneys! What faces have smiled before them in years now vanished! And here is an unique secretary. It has a dozen compartments. The center one opens outward and forms a shelf covered with faded velvet. There, perchance, those love letters were written. The old furniture is dark with age. It is very old a prize, for the relic hunter. In another corner is a table shut up against the wall, or rather a stand, large enough for two spinsters to take their afternoon tea upon. In one of the drawers of that secretary is a silk dress, marvelously short waisted and scant in the skirt.

The afternoon sun sends its beams aslant through dim windows, and the golden light searches out the dust and makes it a shining stairway. The dusty corners grow more shadowy, and stealthy footsteps seem to flutter about the room. Outside the hills are burning with sun set fires, the leaves are flame, the russet earth faces a brilliant sky, the swallow calls to his mate, the tree toad wakes up his resonant song, the night begins to fall. A dead and buried past! and here is its sepulchre, here are the ceremenfts. But where are the actors? What everlasting habitations have received them now? To what stature have they grown, since they hastened into the great silence?

The young girl can not answer it. She only sees as in a glass darkly, the prophecy of her life and those about her. What shadows we are and what shadows we pursue.

The Black Bear's Cunning.

In *The Century* for March, Charles C. Ward has an entertaining illustrated article on "The Black Bear," in which he describes Bruin's haunts in Maine and New Brunswick, relates several hunting incidents, and depicts Bruin's peculiarities, in part as follows:

I really think that Bruin possesses the sense of humor; at all events his actions point that way, and there is no doubt that he is extremely cunning and observing. I once had an English friend visiting me, who played the flute. He was in the habit of marching up and down, while playing, near a tame bear I had at the time. The bear had a piece of stick about two feet long, which he tossed about for amusement. After a time, he came to handle the stick very much as my friend did his flute. This annoyed my sensitive friend, and in revenge he teased the bear with uncouth noises. Bruin sniffed and whined, and waited his opportunity for delivering a tremendous blow with his paw at his enemy, whose tall hat was knocked completely over his eyes. He escaped being scalped by dropping flat and rolling out of the reach of the bear. This bear spent much of his time in the tree to which he was chained, and when climbing usually got his chain twisted over and under the branches in a most intricate manner, but never failed to take out every turn as he descended. A friend who owned a tame bear told me that, for a long time, he could not account for the mysterious way in which the poultry disappeared. Observing, at different times, a good many feathers around Bruin's pole, he began to suspect that the bear was the culprit. Close watching confirmed his suspicions. When Bruin thought he was unobserved, he would seize any unfortunate hen or chicken within his reach and devour it; but if any one approached before he could complete the meal, he would sit upon his prey until the danger of discovery had passed. He was betrayed, at last, by the cackling of an old hen, that he had failed to silence.

A DIRTY JOB.—General Meigs having been retired from the Army Quartermastership "on account of age," an older man has been appointed in his place. General Rucker has been named to succeed Meigs merely that he may secure an advance in rank and pay before being retired. But Rucker is the father-in-law of Sheridan. Reader, do you see it?

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PROPHYLACTIC FLUID!

SMALL POX ERADICATED.

Contagion destroyed.
Sick Rooms purified and made pleasant.
Fevered and Sick persons relieved and refreshed by bathing with Prophylactic Fluid added to the water.
Soft White Complexions secured by its use in bathing.
Impure air made harmless and purified by sprinkling Darby's Fluid about.
To purify the breath, Cleanse the Teeth, it can't be surpassed.
Erysipelas cured.
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Burns relieved instantly.
Scars prevented.
Removes all unpleasant odors.

SCARLET FEVER CURED.

Pitting of SMALL POX Prevented.
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Dysentery cured.
Wounds healed rapidly.
Scurvy cured in short time.
Tetter dried up.
It is perfectly harmless.
For sore throat it is a sure cure.

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YELLOW FEVER ERADICATED.

In fact it is the great

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AT $25 PER TON OF 2000 POUNDS.

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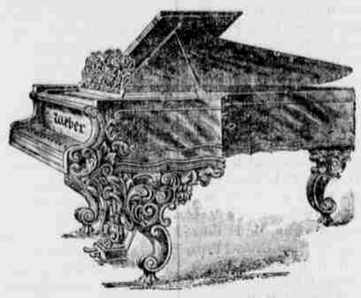
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Bloomsburg reference can be given if required. Correspondence solicited.

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HON. WILLIAM ELWELL, President Board of Trustees. F. P. BILLMYER, Secretary.
Octo. 1, '81.—

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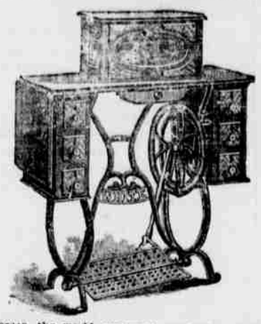
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induces many unscrupulous competitors to resort to all kinds of mean tricks to injure its reputation, we beg to caution all intending purchasers not to buy a

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except from its regular authorized dealers, who will be sustained by the following warranty.

WE WARRANT THE NATURAL WEAR AND TEAR OF THE

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PLATE NUMBER 103339 FOR FAMILY PURPOSES, AND HEREBY AGREE TO KEEP THE SAME IN REPAIR FOR THE TERM OF FIVE YEARS FROM THIS DATE, FREE OF CHARGE.

This warranty excepts the breakage of needles bobbins and shuttles.

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In the manufacture of Organs is resulting in the production and sale of cheap goods, made from inferior materials. I refer particularly to bogus Organs that are continually springing into existence, without any merit whatever, except to be offered cheap, and then when purchased found to be dear at any price. Will you not then, reader,

If you Contemplate Buying an Organ

consider it your only safeguard to select an instrument bearing the names of first class, wholly responsible makers. A good assortment of styles of the celebrated Estey Organs can now be seen at the new rooms of the Only Authorized Agent for the Estey Organs in Columbia County. A guarantee for five years from the manufacturers accompanies every Estey Organ.

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NEW DAVIS VERTICAL FEED

Will do without basting.

It will make wide hem on sheets, &c., hem all manner of bias woolen goods, as soft merino, crape, or goods difficult to hem on other machines. It makes a more elastic stitch than any other machine. It will turn a hem and put in piping at same time.

It will turn a hem, sew braid on the right side and stitch on trimming at one operation.

It will do felling bias or straight, either on cotton or woolen goods.

It will fell across seams on any goods.

I will bind a Dress or Skirt and sew on facing, either with or without showing stitches; bind Dress Goods with the same material, either scallops, points, squares or straight. The only machine that will bind Hats, Cloaks, or other articles with bias, satin or silk, from ¼ to 2 inches in width, without basting.

It will gather with or without sewing on.

It will gather between two pieces and sew on at the same time.

It will make a ruffle and stitch a pillow slip on to the facing at the same time.

It will shirr any kind of goods.

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It will make plaited trimming either scallaped or straight, and sew a piping on at the same time. It will make knife plaiting.

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oct. 1, '80-tf.

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Parsons' Purgative Pills make New Rich Blood, and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 pill each night from 1 to 2 weeks may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. Sent by mail for 8 letter stamps. *J. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass., formerly Bangor, Me.*

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HAVE BEEN IMITATED,

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One is worth more than a dozen of any other kind.

Will positively cure where other remedies will not even relieve.

Price 25 cents.

Beware of cheap Plasters made with lead poisons.

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IS THE MOST

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It takes but little room.
It never gets out of repair.
It can not blow up.
It needs no fuel
It needs no engineer,
There is no delay; no firing up; no ashes to clean away; no extra insurance to pay; no repairing necessary; no coal bills to pay, and it is always ready for use.

It is invaluable for blowing Church Organs, for running Printing Presses, Sewing Machines, Turning Lathes, Scroll Saws, Grind Stones, Coffee Mills, Sausage Machines, Feed Cutters, Corn Mills, Elevators, etc.

Four horse power at 40 pounds pressure of water. It is noiseless, neat, compact, steady, and above all

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IN MINNESOTA & DAKOTA

v feb 24-4w

RAIL ROAD TIME TABLE



PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. PHILADELPHIA & ERIE R. R. DIVISION.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after Monday, Dec. 19, 1881, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

Erie Mail leaves	Philadelphia	11 55 p m
" "	Harrisburg	4 25 a m
" "	Sunbury	6 30 a m
" "	Williamsport	8 40 a m
" "	Lock Haven	9 40 a m
" "	Renovo	11 45 a m
" "	Kan	2 50 p m
" arrive at	Erie	7 45 p m
Niagara Express leaves	Philadelphia	8 00 a m
" "	Harrisburg	12 15 p m
" "	Sunbury	1 50 p m
" "	Williamsport	3 25 p m
" "	Lock Haven	4 20 p m
" "	Renovo	5 45 p m
" "	Kane	10 45 p m
Fast Line leaves	Philadelphia	11 20 p m
" "	Harrisburg	3 05 p m
" "	Sunbury	5 15 p m
" "	Williamsport	7 10 p m
" arrive at	Lock Haven	8 10 p m

EASTWARD.

Lock Haven Express leaves	Lock Haven	7 50 a m
" "	Williamsport	9 05 a m
" "	Sunbury	10 10 a m
" arrive at	Harrisburg	12 55 p m
" "	Philadelphia	5 15 p m
Fast Line leaves	Canandaigua	7 10 p m
" "	Watkins	8 40 p m
" "	Elmira	9 30 p m
" "	Williamsport	12 15 a m
" "	Sunbury	1 32 a m
" arrives at	Harrisburg	2 18 a m
" "	Philadelphia	7 00 a m
Day Express leaves	Kane	6 00 a m
" "	Renovo	10 05 a m
" "	Lock Haven	11 15 a m
" "	Williamsport	12 15 p m
" arrive at	Harrisburg	3 30 p m
" "	Philadelphia	7 05 p m
Erie Mail leaves	Erie	11 35 a m
" "	Kane	4 10 p m
" "	Renovo	9 00 p m
" "	Lock Haven	10 10 p m
" "	Williamsport	11 30 p m
" "	Sunbury	1 05 a m
" arrives at	Harrisburg	3 00 a m
" "	Philadelphia	7 00 a m

Erie Mail west and Lock Haven Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R. trains for Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Fast Line West make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with P. & E. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with R. P. & W. R. R.; at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Express west, and Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

ROBERT NEILSON, General Supt.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

On and after February 19th, 1881, trains will leave Sunbury as follows:

NORTHWARD.

Northern Express 6.30 a. m.,	arrive Elmira	12 20 p m
	Arrive at Canandaigua	3.2 "
	" Rochester	4.40 "
	" Niagara	8 45 "
Niagara Express 1.50 p. m.	arrive Elmira	6 05 p m
	arrive Canandaigua	8.3 "
	" Rochester	9 45 "
	" Niagara	12.50 a m
Fast line 5.15 p m	arrive Elmira	10.20 p m
	" Watkins	11.10 p m

SOUTHWARD.

Southern Express 1.32 a. m.	arrive Harrisburg	5.15 a m
	arrive Philadelphia	7.00 "
	" New York	9 25 "
	" Baltimore	7. 0
	" Washington	8.22 a m
Lock Haven Ex 10.50 a m	arrive Harrisburg	12.5 p m
	arrive Philadelphia	5 10 p m
	" New York	8.45 "
	" Baltimore	5.20
	" Washington	6 47
Day Express 1.50 p m	arrive Harrisburg	5.25 p m
	" Philadelphia	7.05 "
	" New York	10.00 "
	" Baltimore	7.00
	" Washington	8.17
Erie Mail 1.05 a. m.	arrive Harrisburg	3.00 a. m
	" Philadelphia	7.00 "
	" New York	9.35 "
	" Baltimore	7.00
	" Washington	8.22

I. R. WOOD, General Passenger Agt.

FRANK THOMSON, General Manager.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING R'Y

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

November 7th, 1881.

TRAINS LEAVE RUPERT AS FOLLOWS (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.)

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, &c., 11,45 a. m

For Catawissa, 11,45 a. m. 6.45 and 7,50 p. m.

For Williamsport, 6,15 8,50 a. m. and 4,06 p. m.

TRAINS FOR RUPERT LEAVE AS FOLLOWS (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.)

Leave New York, via Tamanend 9.45 a. m. and via. Bound Brook Route 7,45 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia, 9.45 a. m.

Leave Reading, 11,55 a. m., Pottsville 0 a. m. and Tamaqua, 1,35 p. m.

Leave Catawissa, 6,10 8,40 a. m. and 4,20 p. m.

Leave Williamsport, 9 45 a.m. 3,00 p. m. and 1 3 0

Passengers to and from New York, via Tamanend and to and from Philadelphia go through without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTTEN, General Manager.

C. G. HANCOCK, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

Jan. 10, 1881—tf.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION

NORTH. p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	STATIONS.	SOUTH. a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
9 50	3 42	9 25	....Scranton	9 20	2 15	6 13
9 44			.....Bellevue		2 21	6 19
9 38	3 32	9 17	.....Taylorville	9 42	2 26	6 24
9 31	3 24	9 10	....Jackawanna	9 47	2 34	6 32
9 23	3 15	9 14	..... Pittston	9 57	2 44	6 40
9 17	3 09	9 09	.. West Pittston	10 07	2 47	6 45
9 14	3 04	9 04	..... Wyoming	10 02	2 52	6 5
			.....Maltby		2 54	6 54
			.....Bennett		2 59	6 58
9 09	2 53	8 54	.....Kingston	10 18	3 03	7 02
9 00	2 45	8 54	.....Kingston	10 18	3 10	7 10
	2 37		..Plymouth June.		3 16	7 17
8 51	2 30	8 46	....Plymouth	10 36	3 13	7 22
	2 24		....Avondale		3 28	7 30
8 42	2 16	8 18	.....Nanticoke	10 34	3 34	7 35
8 35	2 03	8 31	.Hunlock's Creek	10 42	3 33	7 50
8 21	1 43	8 20	....Shickshinny	10 55	3 50	8 21
8 08	1 28	8 11	....Rick's Ferry	11 07	4 03	8 45
8 01	1 18	8 04	....Beach Haven	11 13	4 10	8 59
7 53	1 05	7 58	....Berwick	11 2	4 18	9 10
7 46	12 50		....Briar Creek		4 25	8 37
7 44	12 40	7 50	....Willow Grove		4 29	8 41
7 40	12 36	7 46	....Lime Ridge		4 33	8 45
7 32	12 24	7 39	.....Espy	11 39	4 42	8 54
7 26	12 12	7 33	....Bloomsburg	11 45	4 49	9 00
7 20	11 03	7 23	.....Rupert	11 5	4 49	9 06
7 15	11 55	7 24	Catawissa Bridge	11 51	4 56	9 10
6 57	12 10	7 01	.....Danville	12 18	5 18	9 31
	11 08		.....Chulasky		5 18	9 28
7 45	10 10		.....Cameron		6 36	9 43
6 31	10 47	8 45	..Northumberland	12 42	5 47	9 55
p.m	a m	a.m.		a.m.	p.m.	p.m.

W. F. HALSTEAD, Supt.

Superintendent's Office Scranton June 6, '78.

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